The Egyptian Gazette

No. 7 604] ALEXANDRIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1906. [EIGHT PAGES PT 1.

THE EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LIMITED.

This Company's system of submarine telegraph cables is the most direct and quickest means of communication from Egypt to Europe, North and South America, East, South and West Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, China and Japan.

To secure quick transmission, telegrams should be marked **Via Eastern.**

For latest average time to London, see daily bulletin in this paper.

STATIONS IN EGYPT: Alexandria, Cairo, Suez, Port-Tewfik, Port-Said, Suakin. Head Office, London.

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Head Office— 24 & 25, BIRCHIN LANE, LONDON. HAROLD SHELDRICK, Manager in Egypt.

ORIENT-ROYAL MAIL LINE.

OUTWARD TO AUSTRALIA.

R.M.S. **Oroya** will leave Suez about November 6 | R.M.S. **Ortona** will leave Suez about November 30

HOMEWARD to NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH LONDON, TILBURY.

R.M.S. **Ormuz** will leave Port Said November 5 | R.M.S. **Orient** will leave Port Said November 19

Return tickets are not issued, but passengers paying the full fare in one direction are allowed an abatement of one-third of their fare back if the return voyage be made within 4 months of arrival, or an abatement of 20% if the return voyage be made within 6 months of arrival.

Agents, CAIRO: THOMAS COOK & Son, Ltd.; ALEXANDRIA: R. J. MOSS & Co.

For all information apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons,** PORT SAID & PORT TEWFIK (Suez). 31-12-6

BIBBY LINE MAIL TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS.

OUTWARDS to COLOMBO, TUTICORIN, etc., and RANGOON.

S.S. **Derbyshire,** 6,635 tons, will leave Suez about November 8th.

HOMEWARDS to MARSEILLES and LONDON.

S.S **Staffordshire.** 6,005 tons, will leave Port Said about November 12th.

Fares from Port Said to Marseilles £12.0.0; London £17.0.0; Colombo £32.10.0; Rangoon £37.10.0

Fitted with Refrigerators, Electric Light, Electric Fans and all recent improvements.

EXPERIENCED STEWARDESSES and SURGEONS CARRIED.

Agents in CAIRO: THOS. COOK & Son, Ltd. For all particulars apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons,** PORT SAID & PORT TEWFIK (SUEZ). 13-931-

Deutsche Levante-Linie

Mail and Passenger Steamships. Regular three-weekly Service from HAMBURG via ANTWERP & MALTA, to ALEXANDRIA and vice-versâ, admitting goods from all chief German Railway Stations on direct Bill of Lading to ALEXANDRIA and all chief ports of Egypt, Syria, etc., at favourable rates of DEUTSCHE VERKEHR (traffic).—Steamers expected at Alexandria

Nov. 16 S.S. WOGTINDE from Antwerp.

S.S. ANDROS, now in port loading, will sail for Rotterdam & Hamburg on the 31st inst.

For tariff, and particulars apply to **ADOLPHE STROSS,** *Alexandria Agent.* 15-9-907

KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

FAST BRITISH PASSENGER STEAMERS.

Greece-Turkey Line.

Express steamers leave Alexandria every Wednesday at 4 p.m. for PIRÆUS, SMYRNA, MITYLENE, and CONSTANTINOPLE. In connection with Orient Express train-de-luxe for Vienna, Paris, and London. ***Palestine-Syria Line.***

Fast steamers leave Alexandria every Saturday at 4 p.m., and Port Said every Sunday at 6 p.m., for JAFFA (for Jerusalem), CAIFFA (for Nezareth), BEYROUT (for Damascus,) TRIPOLI, ALEXANDRETTA, MERSINE, continuing in alternate weeks to LARNACA and LIMASSOL (Cyprus.) ***Red Sea Line.***

Steamers leave Suez weekly on Wednesday at 6 p.m. for Port Sudan and Suakin direct returning from Suakin every Wednesday noon. Every Monday at 6 p.m. a steamer leaves Suez for Jeddah continuing every other week to Suakin, Massowah, Hodeidah, Aden. Intermediate steamers do not proceed beyond Jeddah but call at Tor, (for Sinai) El Wedj and Yambo as required.

N.B.—Deck chairs provided for the use of passengers, excellent cuisine and table wine free. Steamer plans may be seen and passages booked at the Company's Agencies at Alexandria, Cairo, Port Said, and Suez, or at THOS COOK & SON or other Tourist Agency. 31-12-906

The Moss S.S. Company, Ltd.

For LIVERPOOL calling at MALTA (Messrs. JAMES MOSS & Co., 31, James St., Liverpool, Managers.)

*Amazis	Tons 6,000	*Shephron	Tons 5,000	*Moeris	Tons 7,500
*Tusiris	,, 6,000	Memphian	,, 5,000	*Pharos	,, 5,000
*Karnak	,, 5,500	Mneophian	,, 6,000	*Philae	,, 5,000

Rameses	Tons 5,500
Seti	,, 5,000
Tabor	,, 5,000

*Second class accommodation only, unless specially reserved.— Fares: Alexandria to Liverpool, 1st £14 Single, £28 Return. 2nd £9 Single, £18 Return.—To Malta, 1st. £6 Single, £9 Return. 2nd, £3 Single. £5 Return.—Return tickets available for six months.

S.S. **Tabor** now on the berth, will sail on or about Saturday, November 17th, to be followed by S.S. **Rameses.**

S.S. **Menes** in port, loading for Manchester, should sail about Wednesday, 7th inst.

Through freight rates on cotton, etc., to Lancashire inland towns, Boston, New York and other U.S.A. towns, obtained on application. Cargo taken by special agreement only. Passenger Tickets also issued inclusive of Railway fare through to and from Cairo.

27-11-906 For particulars apply R. J. MOSS & Co., Alexandria Agents.

P. HENDERSON & CO's LINE.

Steamers leave SUEZ and PORT SAID fortnightly for LONDON or LIVERPOOL direct.

Fare, Port-Said to London or Liverpool: £12.

S.S. IRRAWADDY 7800 Tons will leave PORT SAID about 18th November.

„ MANDALAY 6000 „ „ „ „ 2?st „ for Dover.

„ PEGU 5800 „ „ „ „

Due in LONDON or LIVERPOOL 12 days thereafter — Apply WORMS & Co., Port Said and Suez, THOS. COOK & SON, (EGYPT) LD., CAIRO; C. J. GRACE & CO., ALEXANDRIA. 31-12-906

ASIA MINOR STEAMSHIP Co., Ltd.

Regular weekly sailings to Cyprus and Coast of Syria. Steamer leaves Alexandria every Tuesday afternoon for Limassol and Larnaca, returning viâ Port Said. 1st Class Single Fare, Alex. to Cyprus £2 Sailings liable to alteration owing to Quarantine, etc.

For further particulars apply: **Manager, 3 St. Mark's-Street, Alexandria.** 28478-31-12-06

THE PAPAYANNI LINE.

(The Ellerman Lines Ltd.)

Frequent Sailings from ALEXANDRIA to LIVERPOOL, also Regular Services from LIVERPOOL to ALEXANDRIA and to ALGERIA, MALTA, LEVANT, BLACK SEA, and other Mediterranean ports.

Excellent Passenger Accommodation. Stewardess carried. Liberal table and Moderate Fares for single and return tickets.

The S.S. AUSTRIAN will leave for Liverpool on or about the 9th inst.

CARGO taken by special agreement only. Through Freights quoted for the UNITED STATES INLAND TOWNS in GREAT BRITAIN.

For passage or freight apply to the Agents, **BARKER & Co.**, Alexandria. 17-4-907

Telephone Company of Egypt, Limited.

CAIRO-ALEXANDRIA TELEPHONE.—Rates as follows:—P.T. 5 for each 3 minutes, or fraction of 3 minutes; P.T. 10 over 3 up to 8 minutes communication. — PUBLIC CALL-OFFICES: Cairo, Central Office, Opera Square, and New Bar; Helouan, Central Office, Maison Purvis; Alexandria, St. Mark's Buildings, Egyptian Bar, I. Castelli & Co.; Ramleh, Central Office, San Stefano Casino. 30-4-907

GELLATLY, HANKEY & CO.

SHIPOWNERS, OF LONDON.

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Merchandise, furniture, baggage and personal effects forwarded, and insurances effected to all parts of the world. 27376-28-2-907

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CHIEF EGYPTIAN OFFICE:— CAIRO, NEAR SHEPHEARD'S HOTEL

Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Luxor, Assuan, Halfa and Khartum.

GENERAL RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP AGENTS. BANKERS.

BAGGAGE AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

Officially appointed & Sole Agents in Cairo to the P. & O. S. N. Co.

Large and Splendidly appointed steamers belonging to the Company leave Cairo thrice weekly between November and March for Luxor, Assuan, and Halfa, in connection with Trains de Luxe to Khartum.—Moderate Fares.

Specially Reduced Rates for residents in Egypt by Tourist Services during November and December. First sailing November 13th.

WEEKLY FREIGHT SERVICE FROM CAIRO TO ASSUAN AND HALFA.

Cook's Interpreters in uniform are present at principal Railway Stations and Landing-places in Europe to assist passengers holding their tickets.

Special Steamers and Dahabeahs for Private Parties.

Special arrangements for tours in Palestine, Syria, and the Desert, Lowest rates.

BEST CAMP EQUIPMENT IN THE COUNTRY.

British India S. N. Company, Limited.

Fortnightly Service in connection with the Co.'s Indian Mail Lines.—Calling at ADEN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, and CALCUTTA Out, and MARSEILLES (GENOA and PLYMOUTH optional) Home. Sailings from Suez.

OUTWARD.—S.S. *Matiana* Nov. 10 | HOMEWARD — S.S. *Golconda* Nov. 7

EAST AFRICAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

Calling at Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar and Beira. Monthly service.

S.S. *Virawa* will sail from SUEZ on or about the 8th November.

First Class Fares from Suez to					
	Aden	£11. 5	Colombo	£25.15	Calcutta £31. 0
	Bombay	£31.10	Madras	£30.11	Genoa £15.10
			Mombasa	£26.10	Zanzibar £30. 0
					Marseilles £15.12
					London £19. 6

From Port Said £2 less Homeward, and £3 more Outward. Second Class, two thirds of 1st Class Fares.

PORT SAID Agents: Worms & Co. and Willi & Co., Ltd. — CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA:— Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd., and Anglo-American Hotel & Steamer Co. For particulars apply **G. BEYTS & Co.,** *Suez.* 31-12-906

ANCHOR LINE, LIMITED.

(HENDERSON BROTHERS,) LONDON, LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

Booking Passengers and Cargo through to Ports in India, Europe and America

First Class Passenger steamers Sailing fortnightly from Suez.

For MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL	S.S. "Olympia"	November 4	For CALCUTTA	S.S. "Bavaria"	November 25
For LONDON	S.S. "Assyria"	November 5	For BOMBAY	S.S. "Britannia"	November 19

Saloon Fares: from Port Said to Gibraltar £9, Marseilles £9, London and Liverpool £14; add £1 to above fare for passengers from Cairo, Ismailia, or Suez, 5 o/o reduction to families of three or more adults. 15 o/o reduction on return tickets within 6 months. Reduced rates on steamers not carrying surgeon and stewardess. [31-12-906]

Agents: Cairo, THOS. COOK & SON, Port-Said: CORY BROTHERS & Co. — For particulars apply G. BEYTS & Co., Suez.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

Regelmässiger Reichspostdampferdienst. German E. African Line. Imperial Service. Departures from Port Said. (Approximate dates). **OUT** to Aden, Zanzibar, Cape Town and intermediate ports:—

S.S. Bürgermeister November 2 | S.S. Koenig November 18 | S.S. Prinzregent November 30

HOME to Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangiers, Lisbon, Dover, Flushing, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

S.S. Feldmarschal November 7 | S.S. Markgraf November 24

First class steamers fitted with latest improvements. Stewardesses and doctors carried. Low passage rates. Splendid accommodation for passengers of all classes.

For particulars apply to **Fix & David,** CAIRO (Sharia Mansour Pacha. Telephone 865).

Messageries Maritimes

From Alexandria — Sailing from Alexandria in November, 1906.

For Marseilles direct

Friday	9 Nov. at 4 p.m.	*Portugal*	Capt. Protet		
„	16 „ „ „	*Niger*	„ Schmitz		
„	23 „ „ „	*Congo*	„ Bazègue		
„	30 „ „ „	*Equateur*	„ Eschenauer		
„	7 Dec. „ „	*Portugal*	„ Protet		

For Port Said and Beyrouth

Thursday	15 Nov. at 9 a.m.	*Congo*	Capt. Bazègue		
„	29 „ „ „	*Portugal*	„ Protet		

For Port Said, Jaffa and Beyrouth

Thursday	8 Nov. at 9 a.m.	*Niger*	Capt. Schmitz		
„	23 „ „ „	*Equateur*	„ Eschenauer		

Rates of passage mss including table wine.

From Alexandria or Port Said (directly or via Alexandria) To Marseilles	1st Class £13. 9. 9	2nd Class £ 9.10.9
From Alexandria To Port Said	„ 1.16.10	„ 1.7.10
To Jaffa	„ 3. 3. 5	„ 2.3. 5
To Beyrouth	„ 4. 7. 5	„ 3.5. 5
Through tickets for Paris (viâ Marseilles from Alexandria)	„ 16.19. 1	„ 10.12. 5
Through tickets for Paris (viâ Marseilles) from Port Said (directly or viâ Alexandria)	„ 16. 4.11	„ 13. 1. 5
Through tickets for London (viâ Marseilles) (Calais-Douvre from Alexandria or Port said (directly or viâ Alexandria)	„ 16.13.10	„ 12. 9. 5
Interchangeable return tickets with the Austrian Lloyd Co. (available one way by Messageries Maritimes and on return by Austrian Lloyd) (viâ Trieste)	„ 31.11.10	„ 1611

Sailings from Port Said in November, 1906.

For Marseilles Direct.

Probably on Thursday	8 Nov.	*Oceania*	Capt. Court	returning from Indian Ocean	
„ „ Friday	9 „	*Orus*	„ Rivière	„ „	China
„ „ Sunday	11 „	*Dumbea*	„ Boyer	„ „	Indian Ocean
„ „ Tuesday	20 „	*Natal*	„ Liparelli	„ „	China
„ „ Thursday	29 „	*Tweeme*	„ Lancelin	„ „	Australia

Sailings from Suez in November 1906.

For Aden, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Kobé and Yokohama	Friday	16 Nov.	*Yarra*	Capt. Sellier	
For Djibouti, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Kobé and Yokohama	Friday	2 „	*Polynesien*	„ Broc	
	„	30 „	*Salazie*	„ Allaux	
For Djibouti, Zanzibar, Mutsamudu, Mayotte, Majunga, Nossi-Bé, D. Suarez, Tamatave, La Réunion and Mauritius	Friday	16 „	*Adour*	„ Riquier	
For Djibouti, Aden, Mahé, Diego-Suarez, Ste. Marie, Tamatave La Réunion and Maurice	Saturday	„	*Oise*	„ Rivière	
For Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Freemantle, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sidney, and Noumea	M nday	26 Nov.	*Nera*	„ X	

Cairo Agency (Shepheard's Hotel) 28-3-907

PRINCE LINE.

African Prince	Tons 8,000	Welsh Prince	Tons 8,000	Afghan Prince	Tons 8,000
Chinese Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000	Japanese Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000	Burmese Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000
Korean Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000	Arabian Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000	Siamese Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000
Swedish Prince (bldg)	„ 8,000	Black Prince	„ 7,000	Saxon Prince	„ 6,000
Tudor Prince	„ 7,000	Norman Prince	„ 6,000	Persian Prince	„ 5,000
Italian Prince	„ 5,000	Georgian Prince	„ 4,750	Trojan Prince	„ 4,750
Merchant Prince	„ 4,650	Sailor Prince	„ 4,650	Egyptian Prince	„ 4,650
Soldier Prince	„ 4,650	Russian Prince	„ 4,500	Spartan Prince	„ 4,475
Mexican Prince	„ 4,450	Highland Prince	„ 3,850	Imperial Prince	„ 3,750
Sicilian Prince	„ 3,750	Napolitan Prince	„ 3,750	Peruvian Prince	„ 3,250
British Prince	„ 3,180	Moorish Prince	„ 3,180	Castillian Prince	„ 3,100
Grecian Prince	„ 3,075	Eastern Prince	„ 3,050	Asiatic Prince	„ 3,050
Creole Prince	„ 3,050	Carib Prince	„ 3,050	Kaffir Prince	„ 2,950
Syrian Prince	„ 2,950	Orange Prince	„ 2,875	Cyprian Prince	„ 2,750
Indian Prince	„ 2,700	Scottish Prince	„ 2,650	Roman Prince	„ 2,650
Tuscan Prince	„ 2,575	Ocean Prince	„ 2,400	Royal Prince	„ 2,400

Good Accommodation for Passengers.

Sailings every 10 days from Manchester and Liverpool and fortnightly from Antwerp and London to Alexandria and Syrian Coast. The dates are approximate

Ocean Prince	due from Manchester	Nov. 11	Indian Prince	due from Manchester	Dec. 1
Asiatic Prince	„ „ Manchester	„ 21	British Prince	„ „ Antwerp & London	„ 2
Egyptian Prince	„ „ Antwerp & London	„ 23	Kaffir Prince	„ „ Tyne	„ 4

The S.S. Menes is now loading for Manchester, and will be followed by the S.S. Creole Prince.

For terms of freight or passage apply to **C. J. Grace & Co.,** Alexandria, Agents. 31-12-906

The Ellerman Lines Limited.

(Including Westcott & Laurance Line.)

Regular sailings from Liverpool, Glasgow, Antwerp and London to Alexandria. Frequent sailings from Alexandria to Liverpool and London. Through freight rates to Inland towns in Great Britain, also to the U. S. A.

Ellerman S.S. *Britannia* expected from Liverpool, Gibraltar & Malta about Nov. 12.

Ellerman S.S. *Adalia* expected from Antwerp, London & Malta about Nov. 15.

The Ellerman S.S. *Egyptian*, now loading for Liverpool, will sail in a few days.

The S.S. *Arabian*, now loading for Manchester, will sail in a few days.

20-2-907 **N. E. TAMVACO,** *Alexandria Agent.*

CUNARD LINE. 19-1-907

Frequent sailings of cargo steamers from ALEXANDRIA to LIVERPOOL. Through Bills of Lading to towns in the Interior and to the United States ports.

Sailings of ROYAL MAIL passenger steamers from LIVERPOOL to NEW-YORK and BOSTON on Saturdays and Tuesdays.

Regular twin-screw passenger service between TRIESTE, FIUME, NAPLES and NEW-YORK.

All passenger steamers fitted with Marconi's wireless telegraphy. For through tickets from Egypt and particulars, apply to the Agents:

RODOCANACHI & Co., Alexandria; NICOLAS KIRGIS, Cairo; R. BROADBENT, Port Said

PORT SAID—SAVOY HOTEL.

NEW. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, OVERLOOKING THE HARBOUR & OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE

Open all the year round. Well-appointed Bar. Electric Light.

MODERATE CHARGES. SPECIAL TERMS FOR RESIDENTS.

NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL, ALEXANDRIA.

First-class Hotel, Situated in Rosetta Avenue, the finest quarter in the Town. Renovated Throughout. Two minutes from Railway Station. Close to Consulates and Opera House. Electric Lift. Perfect Sanitary Arrangements. Magnificent Ball, Reception, Reading, and Music Rooms. Bar and Smoking Room.

FINE TERRACE ON THE AVENUE. MOTOR BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS AND STEAMERS. MANAGER F. REINSPERGER. 31-8-907

Les Diamants "BERA"

La Meilleure Imitation du Monde

Afin de les faire rapidement connaître au public, nous avons mis en vente un nombre limité de ces merveilleuses et brillantes pierre montées sur de superbes, Bagues, Broches, Boucles d'oreille, Epingles de cravate, Boutons de manchette etc. etc., au prix de

40 P.T. la piece monture comprise

Catalogues gratis et franco sur demande

BERA AMERICAN DIAMOND PALACE

ALEXANDRIE, CHERIF PACHA STREET 29.

HAMBURG & ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE Co.

Weekly departure during Winter Season by the

Luxurious First Class Tourist Steamers VICTORIA, PURITAN & MAYFLOWER;

Regular weekly Departures to the SECOND CATARACT by the S.S. INDIANA.

THROUGH BOOKINGS TO KHARTOUM, GONDOKORO AND THE WHITE NILE;

Steamers and Dahbeahs for private charter. Steam Tugs and Steam Launches for hire.

FREIGHT SERVICE BY STEAM BARGES BETWEEN CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA.

Working in conjunction and under special arrangement with the "Upper Egypt Hotels Company."

For details and illustrated programmes apply to "THE HAMBURG AND ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE COMPANY"

OFFICES IN CAIRO: Sharia Boulac, "Grand Continental Hotel Buildings."

Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

Accelerated Service by S.Y. OCEANA of 8,000 Tons, 350 berths including 90 single cabins.

Greatest Comfort. Best Cuisine.

FARES: to NAPLES from £12. to GENOA from £15.

Leaves Alexandria:	*Arr. Naples:*	*Arr. Genoa:*
10 & 24 November.	13 & 27 November.	14 & 28 November.
8 & 22 December.	11 & 25 December.	12 & 26 December.
12, 19 & 26 January.	15, 22 & 29 January.	.....
2, 9, 16, 23 February.	5, 12, 19, 26 February.	.....
2, 9, 16, 23, 30 March.	5, 12, 19, 26 March.	.....
6, 13, 27 April.	2, 9, 16, 30 April.	17 April.
11 May.	14 May.	1 & 15 May.

From Port Said to Naples & Hamburg: Dec. 1, Jan. 12, Feb. 9, March 9, April 20, May 4, June 15, July 13.

Apply to: HAMBURG-AMERICA LINIE, Continental Hotel, CAIRO. *C.J. GRACE & Co.,* ALEXANDRIA. *DEUTSCHES KOHLEN DEPOT,* PORT SAID & SUEZ. 31-3-07

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

ALEXANDRIA-NAPLES-MARSEILLES. Weekly Departure from ALEXANDRIA (3 p.m.)

SCHLESWIG: 10 November, 12 December. | HOHENZOLLERN: 21 November, 5 December.

Royal Roumanian Express Steamer Service from ALEXANDRIA to SMYRNA, CONSTANTINOPLE and CONSTANZA.

Weekly departures from Alexandria every Wednesday at 4 p.m. with the new twin screw S.S. **Regele Carol I., Roumania,** and **Imperatul Trajan.**

The following Steamers are intended to leave PORT SAID:

HOMEWARD: for BREMEN or HAMBURG viâ Naples, Genoa, (Gibraltar), Southampton, Antwerp.

Gera	5008 Tons ... about 16 Nov.	Prinz Ludwig	8000 about ... ... about 16 Nov.
		Prinz Alice	10911 „ „ „ „ 30 „

OUTWARD: for CHINA and JAPAN viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE.

Prinz E. Friedrich	8665 Tons ... ... about 12 Nov.	Barbarossa	10918 Tons ... ... about 16 Nov.
		Scharnhorst	9131 „ „ „ „ 18 Dec.

For AUSTRALIA viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO.

For particulars apply to the Agents: **OTTO STERZING,** Opera Square, CAIRO. **Wm. H. MULLER & Co.,** Senostri-st., ALEXANDRIA. Messrs. THOS. COOK & Son (Egypt) Ltd., are authorised to sell tickets in CAIRO and ALEXANDRIA. 30-10-06

Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation

Alexandria-Brindisi-Trieste (Venice).

Weekly Express Mail Service. Steamers leave Alexandria every Saturday 4 p.m. arrive Brindisi Tuesday 5 a.m. in time for Express to Milan, Lucerne, Paris, Vienna, Berlin and London, leaving Brindisi at 7 a.m. Arrival Trieste every Wednesday about 11 a.m. in connection with Train de Luxe Trieste-Vienna-Ostende. Passengers reach London every Friday 4.50 p.m.

Oct. 6	4 p.m.	S.S. Semiramis	Capt. Martinolich	Nov. 3	4 p.m. S.S. Cleopatra Capt. Ivolich
„ 13	„ „	Cleopatra	„ Ivolich	„ 10	„ „ Habsburg „ Klausberger
„ 20	„ „	Habsburg	„ Klausberger	„ 17	„ „ Semiramis „ Martinolich
„ 27	„ „	Semiramis	„ Martinolich	„ 24	„ „ Cleopatra „ Ivolich.

Weekly Intermediate Service: Alexandria-Brindisi & Trieste Line.

Steamers leave Alexandria every Wednesday at 4 p.m. arrive Brindisi Sunday at 5 a.m. Trieste Tuesday 5 a.m.

Syrian-Cyprus Caramanian Line.

Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about 22 October, 5 and 19 November, 3, 17 and 31 December.

Syrian-Caramanian Line.

Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about 29 October, 12 and 26 November, 10 and 24 December.

Far East Lines.

Departures from Port Said: To Suez, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobé, 3 November.

To Suez, Aden and Bombay accelerated service about 8 Nov., 8 Dec.

To Suez, Aden, Karachi, Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta about 19 Oct., 3, 19 Nov., 19 Dec. 4 p.

To Suez, Aden, Karachi and Bombay about 13 November, 1 December (Winter Line).

East African Line.

Departures from Port Said: To Suez, Aden, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa-Bay and Durban about 2 Nov., 3 December.

For information apply to the Agents, Alexandria, Port Said and Suez, THOS. COOK & SON, LD., LEON HELLER, Cairo Agent, 24, Sharia Maghraby, (Telephone 192), Cairo; F. TEDESCHI, Helouan.

Special rates for Egyptian officials, members of Army of Occupation and their families. 31-12-90

RUSSIAN STEAM NAVIGATION & COMMERCIAL COMPANY

Postal Service Accelerated from the 1st June, 1906.

between Alexandria, Piraeus, Constantinople, and Odessa by the following recently built and perfectly equipped vessels:—

Emperor Nicolas II.	7970 tons	Tchihatcheff	7970 tons
Reine Olga.	7970 „	Tzaritza.	6000 „

Arrivals at Alexandria on Friday morning. Departures from Alexandria on Tue-days at 3 p.m. Circular route between Alexandria, Port Said, the Syrian ports, Chio, Smyrna, Salonica, Mount Athos, Dardanelles, Constantinople, and Odessa Arrivals at Alexandria every other Saturday early in the morning. Departures from Alexandria same day in afternoon at 4 p.m.

CRIMEAN OR BESSARABIAN TABLE WINES FREE. 26276-31-11-906

Ellermans

CITY LINE.

Ellermans

CITY & HALL LINE.

The undermentioned First Class Passenger Steamers will be dispatched from Port Said on or about the following dates for

Malta and London	S.S. CITY OF AGRA	Nov. 15	Marseilles & Liverpool		
Colombo & Calcutta	S.S. CITY OF CALCUTTA	Nov. 13	Bombay & Karachi	S.S CITY OF YORK	November 11

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Les MERCREDI 7 et JEUDI 22 à 5 h. p.m. pour Port-Said 31-12-906

Egyptian State Railways.

THROUGH PASSENGER SERVICES. (Daily).—NOVEMBER TIME-TABLE.

Cairo	DEP.	a.m. 7.30	a.m. 9.30	noon †12.00‡	p.m. 12.15	p.m. 4 0	p.m. 4 5†	p.m. †6.35	p.m. §11.30
Tantah	ARR.	8.51	10.53	p.m. 1 20	2.30	5.28	6. 3	8.1	a.m. 2.4
Alexandria	ARR.	11.00	12.55	p.m. 3 5	5.10	7.35	7.50	10. 5	6. 0
Alexandria	DEP.	a.m. 7.0	a.m. 9. 0	noon †12.00‡	p.m. 2.10	p.m. 3.40	p.m. 4.25‡	p.m. †6 0	p.m. §11.30
Tantah	ARR.	8.59	10.52	p.m. 1.40	5.24	5.40	6. 6	7.51	a.m. 3.18
Cairo	ARR.	10.25	12.50	p.m. 3.5	—	7.10	7.25	9.20	6.0

Cairo to Port Said	DEP.	a.m. 7.0	a.m. †11.0‡	p.m. †6.15	Port Said to Cairo	DEP.	a.m. 8.10	p.m. †12 30	p.m. †6.45
	ARR.	p.m. 12. 5	p.m. 7.30	11. 0		ARR.	p.m. 1.25	p.m. 5. 0	11.2
Cairo to Suez (Rue Colmar)	DEP.	a.m. †11.0‡	p.m. † 6 15	For Suez change at Ismailia	Suez (Rue Colmar) to Cairo	DEP.	a.m. 7 29	p.m. †5.39‡	For Cairo change at Ismail
	ARR.	p.m. 4.12	p.m. 11.38			ARR.	p.m. 1.55	11.25	

Cairo	DEP.	a.m. 7.45	a.m. 11.30	p.m. 2.40	p.m. 5.25	Zagazig (Via Belbeis)	DEP.	a.m. 6. 0	a.m. 8.45	p.m. 11 45	p.m. 6.23
Zagazig (Via Belbeis)	ARR.	9.44	p.m. 1.40	4.45	7.27	Cairo (Via Belbeis)	ARR	8. 0	10.15	p.m. 1.50	8.20

Cairo	DEP.	a.m. 8.30	p.m. *8 0	Luxor	DEP.	a.m. 6.10	p.m. *5.2
Wasta	ARR.	9.55	9.30	Wasta	ARR.	p.m. 7.11	a.m. 5.5
Luxor	ARR.	p.m. 11.35	a.m. 10. 0	Cairo	ARR.	8.45	7.3

†Dining Car. ‡Sleeping Car. §First and Second Class only.

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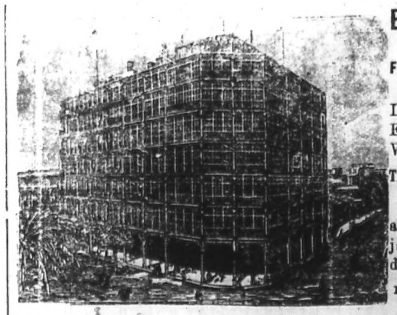

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DAILY WEATHER REPOR

ALEXANDRIA
Kom-el-Nadoura Observatory.

Direction of wind	N.E.
Force of Anemometer	10
State of Sea	Calm
Barometer corrected	764
Evaporation	3
State of Clouds	½ clouded
During 24 hours ending 8 a.m. Max. Temp. in the shade	34.5
Min. do. do.	20.3
Humidity of the air	66
Heat of the sun	44
Rainfall in inches	—
Moon rises 1h.0 p.m.	
" sets 11.16 a.m.	

OTHER STATIONS.
OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT
For the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. yesterday.

Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.	Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.
Port Said	26	23	Merowe	36	13
Suez	30	19	Assuan	37	18
Cairo (Helouan)	28	19	Suakin	33	27
Cairo (Ghizeh)	30	16	Khartoum	39	21
Assiout	31	17	Wad Medani	—	—
Fashoda	34	19	Dueim	39	25
Wady Halfa	34	18			

FOREIGN STATIONS.

Stations.	Barom.	Wind	Temp.	State of Sea
Trieste	764.0	Almost calm	14	Calm
Malta	767.9	Almost calm	24	Calm
Brindisi	765.7	Light	20	Rather rough
Athens	767.1	Calm	21	Calm
Admassol	761.3	Calm	25	Calm

PHASES OF THE MOON.		THE SUN. Rises a.m.	Sets p.m.
Oct. 3 Full Moon	2.48 p.m.	5.49	5.41
" 10 Last Quarter	5.39 p.m.	5.53	5.31
" 18 New Moon	0.43 a.m.	5.50	5.22
" 24 First Quarter	3.50 p.m.	6.2	5.16

The Egyptian Gazette

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MARRIAGE

HOOD—WILSON.—On 6th November, 1906, at St. Andrew's Church, Alexandria, by the Rev. H. P. Reid, THOMAS HOOD, F. S. I., Resident Manager Gharbieh Land Co., Ras-el-Khalig, to MARY TODD WILSON, daughter of the late John Wilson, Edington Mains, Duns.

The Egyptian Gazette
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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1906

THE UNREST IN MOROCCO.

The telegrams from Tangier to-day show that the situation in Morocco is as acute as ever. In an article entitled "Anarchy in Morocco," published by the "Echo de Paris," M. André Mévil says the danger is that the Europeans will lose patience. Consequently it may be necessary to find a means of applying the decisions arrived at by the Conference at Algeciras. That course would introduce some order into a situation which, if allowed to continue as at present, would become inextricable in some months. France has caused representations to be made to the Sultan at Fez within the past few days, but he has thus far declined to give satisfaction. M. Mévil adds:—"I am informed that those demands have been drawn up in very threatening terms. Finally, we are said to be determined to wait no longer, but to act if we do not receive complete satisfaction. The despatch from our correspondent at Tangier to the effect that the Sultan has decided to send a mission to Tafilet to pacify the population would seem to show that our resolute attitude has already produced its effect. But it is to be hoped that it will not prove to be too late."

In the course of a general survey of the international situation, in the "Republique Française," M. Maurice Ordinaire says that the Moroccan question is recognized as the most urgent and anxious problem of the moment. It is, he adds, the duty of France herself to show more zeal for the international reforms upon which Europe has decided than any other nation. Whatever may be thought of the likelihood of the success of those reforms, France ought to desire to see them applied, because the sooner that is done the sooner will her legitimate claims, which have been checked, be justified. It is there that the French Government should show the greatest vigilance. Morocco is not only one of the pieces in the great international game that is now being played between the two groups into which Europe is divided. It is of still more pressing interest as by their choice, through imprudence or design, of that Mussulman territory as the field for their intrigues the Powers have contributed to develop the so-called Pan-Islamic agitation, which extends to the whole Mediterranean coast, and which inspires Lord Cromer in Egypt with the same preoccupations as those which trouble M. Jonnart in Algeria. That agitation furnishes, in M. Ordinaire's opinion, confused and obscure yet obvious signs of a spirit of independence, the signal for which has been given by Asia, and which Europe cannot afford to ignore.

The "Dépêche Coloniale," however, which has apparently received more reassuring information respecting the state of affairs on the Algero-Morrocan frontier since the publication of its somewhat alarmist article of the 22nd ulto., says that the expected conflict in Southern Oran could only become serious through a want of foresight on the part of the French military authorities. But, it adds, there is no such lack of foresight. Indeed, a "continual *qui vive* has familiarized the French troops in the advanced posts with difficult situations. The anti-French agitation in Tafilet and incitements to an attack upon the French garrisons, attributable to agents in personal relations with Fez and the Maghzen, are established facts and serious ones, deserving consideration and necessitating defensive measures. But, at the same time, the French people must not lose their composure because a holy war is preached by some ridiculous marabouts who would fly into the bush at the first rifle shot. What is necessary is to be exactly informed as to the preparations of the inhabitants of Tafilet and other tribes in contact with the Algerian population, and to be ready to repel an aggression *en masse*. Police operations of the kind likely to be required, though on a slightly larger scale than usual, do not, in the opinion of the "Dépêche Coloniale," call for so much newspaper discussion, which is calculated to alarm public opinion although intended to reassure it. Unless some unexpected event should occur before the close of Ramadan, the "Dépêche Coloniale" anticipates that the tribes, excited in favour of a holy war by fasting and prayer, are likely to calm down suddenly on finding that the French outposts are awaiting their onset with the equanimity inspired by a supply of ammunition for their mitrailleuses and a reserve of powder and ball. "Whatever may happen, it will not be serious, because we are not setting out for the conquest of Morocco. Algeria is simply preparing to eject a hostile mob who propose to install themselves in her ante-chamber."

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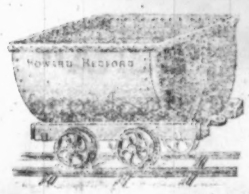

TURNTABLES AND SWITCHES.
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LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Public Works Ministry.

It has been decided to engage an engineer as inspector of automobiles, under the Ministry of Public Works.

Khartoum Garrison.

Bimbashi Logan has been appointed D.A.A.G. at Khartoum, and Bimbashi Wilson Staff Officer to the same garrison.

The Plague.

To-day's plague bulletin is a clean sheet. The last case was reported on Monday, the victim being an Alexandrian Berberee bowab.

The Brindisi Mail.

The mail from Europe, vâ Brindisi and Port Said, will be distributed at the G.P.O., Alexandria, at 4.45 p.m. to-day.

Beyram.

The Sirdar has ordered that 25 derhams of meat should be added to the rations of each soldier of the Egyptian Army during Beyram.

Newspaper Transformation.

M. Paul Manse has sold his share in "L'Egypte," which he founded three years ago, to Idris Bey Ragheb. A new Cairo journal, "L'Orient," will appear in French and English in a few days' time under the editorship of M. Paul Manse.

Epidemic of Dengue.

There appears to be quite an epidemic of dengue fever in Egypt at present. Suez has now been affected. Our Suez correspondent writes:—There have been several cases of dengue fever at Suez, and the victims have included some very well known people, who are fortunately now convalescent.

Suez Canal.

On November 5, 5 vessels 1 northward and 4 southward bound, transited the Canal, and paid transit and passenger toll Fr. 135,223.74. Of these vessels, 3 were British, 1 French and 1 American. The total revenue since November 1 is Fr. 1,201,727.55. During this period, 48 vessels transited the Canal, 28 northward and 20 southward bound.

Captain Waldberg's Case.

The rumour that Mr. Wilfrid Blunt intends to take up the case of Captain Jorge Nelken y Waldberg, and embody it in a special supplement to his recent work "Atrocities of Justice under British Rule in Egypt" is, so far as we can gather, not based on any substratum of fact. Even if Mr. Wilfrid Blunt is willing to champion Captain Waldberg the time that has elapsed since the judgment of the British Consular Court is too short to permit Mr. Blunt arriving at any decision.

CHRISTIAN FANATICISM.

CONVERT TO ISLAM MURDERED.

On Sunday night a horrible tragedy, which is believed to have been the consequence of the conversion of a Copt to the Faith of Islam, was enacted in a small village of the Minieh Samanoud Markaz. It was for the purpose of marriage that the man had accepted the Islamic creed, and the recently married couple were foully murdered as they lay asleep. That robbery was not the motive of the crime is proved by the fact that nothing is missing from the house and the murder is put down to relations of the convert. The authorities are making rigorous inquiries and are actively searching for evidence to enable them to trace the murderer or murderers, but up to the present no tangible proofs have been discovered.

SCHENUTE OF AKHMIN.

Herr J. Leipoldt on his "Schenute von Atripe und die Entstehung des National. Ægyptischen Christentums" has written a fairly complete account of the fanatic and bellicose Archimandrite of the famous White Monastery near Akhmin. The literary sources for the biography of the Coptic ecclesiastic of the fifth century are copious, and Herr Leipoldt has made good use of those in Paris, London and Berlin, but there are many others in Paris and Naples with which he does not appear to be familiar. Schenute who was born in 334 and died in 451, was learned for his time, knowing Greek well and quoting the classics, but he was truly Coptic in spirit. Philosophy, metaphysics, and science he despised. All who did not agree with the views of the Christian religion held as correct by previous Coptic theologians were to him heretics and fit only for the Evil One.

His value lay chiefly in the strict discipline to which he subjected monks and nuns under his control, in which, however, he was carrying out rules laid down by his predecessor Pakomius. He also made the White Monastery a refuge for the Copts, who at his era were in great poverty and misery owing to frequent incursions of barbarians. His energy however found chief vent in denunciation of paganism, that is, the old Egyptian religion, whose temples and monuments he destroyed and burnt. His influence was confined chiefly to Upper Egypt and certainly tended to improve the very lax morals of the Coptic Christians of that region.

In the "Journal of Theological Studies" Mr. W.E. Crum has published all the Coptic inscriptions at the White Monastery, some of which refer to Schenute. The most interesting however are those giving a catalogue of the library. Some of the later ones are in Arabic, but written with Coptic characters.

SINAI MOUDIRIEH.

INCLUSION OF EL ARISH.

The report appearing in a Cairo contemporary that the Suez Canal is to be in future included in the Sinai moudirieh is untrue. That moudirieh will only comprise the peninsula and the small town of El Arish, which has hitherto boasted an independent governorship. The moudir of El Arish will henceforth be under the orders of the commandant of the Sinai Peninsula.

POSTAL ADMINISTRATION.

"At Mekattam" states that the Government intend to appoint an Englishman, who has had great experience of postal administration in England, to an important post in the Egyptian Post Office.

We can confidently assert, however, that our contemporary's statement is wrong. It is not unlikely that the report has arisen from the transfer of Mr. Williams from the G.P.O. to the Cairo office, to replace Morice Bey, now in the Alexandria Customs. Mr. William's post will be filled by an Englishman, but a "specialist" would hardly be necessary.

TRIBUNAL NOMINATIONS.

The following transfers and appointments which we have recently reported as about to be effected have been authorised by Khedivial decree:—

Osman Bey Mortada, director of the Native Service of the Ministry of Justice, to the post of Counsellor of the Alexandria Mixed Court of Appeal, succeeding the late Ali Bey Fakhry.

Mr. F. A. Satow, Judge of the Native Court of Appeal, to the Alexandria Mixed Tribunals of First Instance, replacing Judge J. W. Archer, resigned.

Mr. Maurice Sheldon Amos, Judge of the Cairo Native Tribunal of First Instance, to the Native Court of Appeal, replacing Judge Satow.

Mr. Megalos A. Caloyanni, barrister-at-law and advocate of the Mixed Tribunals, to be Judge in the Cairo Native Tribunal of First Instance, replacing Judge Sheldon Amos.

It is expected that Mr. Crassas, ex-rector and professor of the Athens Law University, will succeed Judge Pangalos in the Mixed Tribunals, the latter being about to be appointed judge of the Court of Appeal in succession to Judge Antoniadis, resigned.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

We are informed by the Cairo military authorities that no carriages will be admitted to the carriage enclosure in Abdeen square for the King's Birthday parade on Friday next, nor individuals to the reserved enclosures, unless the admission tickets are produced to the police.

H. B. M.'s Consul General will hold the usual official reception at the British Consulate, Alexandria, from 9.30 until 11 a.m., on the 9th inst.

Mrs. Gould will be "at home" in the afternoon from 3.30 to 6.30.

SHEPHEARD'S HOTEL.

The alterations which have been going on throughout the summer at Shepheard's Hotel are now very nearly completed, and will enable the management to more easily accommodate the large number of visitors which each day of the season brings. The addition of a third floor provides accommodation for another ninety guests or more, who will find their comforts well catered for. The Egyptian Hall has been enlarged by the inclusion of what were formerly the offices, which will prove a great relief, as on band and dance nights the hall was often uncomfortably crowded, and a new and more spacious grill-room has been built. The length of the dining saloon, too, has been increased by some nine metres.

Among the 'early birds" who have taken up their quarters at Shepheard's Hotel are:—Princess Judira of Baroda, Colonel Clifford, Baron von Stumm, Count von Lichtenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Carkeet James, Herr Vander Stadt, Mr. Paravicini, Mr. and Mrs. Rippert, Mr. and Mrs. C.L.J. Robinson, Mr. Arthur Kemp, Mrs. Howell, Mr. Curphy, and Mr. Rom.

Sir Reginald Okes, managing director of the Heliopolis Oasis Company, is also at Shepheard's.

Prominent among those who are due shortly are Prince George Augustus, Duke of Brunswick, Baroness von Poser, and the Marquis and Marchioness de Branes.

HORTICULTURE IN EGYPT.

Referring to the chrysanthemum show which was held at San Stefano last Saturday and Sunday, a correspondent recalls that of the gardens of Ancient Egypt, Athenæus, a professor at Alexandria, wrote that the roses, lilies, and other flowers were too numerous to mention; the fact that Cleopatra squandered a talent (£2 0) on roses alone for one of her gorgeous banquets is proof enough of this.

In the second century A.D. Egypt probably possessed all the flowers of Syria, Persia, and India. Roses were shipped from Alexandria for Rome. The art of forcing flowers and fruit was known in Egypt as far back as 4000 B.C., and it continued to 695 A.D., when Abdul Aziz built himself a winter garden at Helouan.

EGYPTIAN PUBLIC SPIRIT.

THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

The Nationalist Press is already beginning to grumble because the subscriptions for the National University scheme are coming in so slowly. One vernacular contemporary, in despair at the lack of generosity, advocates a State lottery as a forlorn hope for obtaining funds. But it is foolish for the Arabic Press to complain, and all their exhortations are bound to be fruitless, as they are founded on utterly false premises. The Oriental has no idea of what public spirit means in the European sense of the word, and he is quite unable to combine except in religion. The natives are so destitute of the first principles of intelligent combination that, despite their enormous wealth and increasing intelligence, they have been unable to run any limited company with success. In fact the only two native companies, the Tewfikieh Nile Navigation Company and the Fayoum Light Railway Company, were dismal failures.

This lack of co-operation is specially noticeable in the case of the Nationalist movement, where, in spite of torrents of talk, there has as yet been no sign of any attempt to organise a Party, and it remains a simple stalking horse for self advertising journalists. Even their benevolent societies are not self-supporting, although the native is rolling in wealth, and the Ozwa-el-Woska is glad to receive an annual grant from the Alexandria Municipality. Where there is so much talk in the vernacular Press of the capacity of Egyptians to govern themselves and of their ability to stand alone politically, it is astonishing to find that they show no desire to found a native bank or financial companies, but on the contrary are quite content to leave all these things in the hands of Europeans.

So with the National University scheme. The idea has caught on with great enthusiasm, but there is no general desire on the part of the wealthy classes to contribute, and some of the leading native newspapers, in order to extort money for the scheme, had to resort to the discreditable trick of making false statements as to individuals coming forward with contributions, in the hope that they would be too shamefaced to draw back after seeing their names in print.

Now these same newspapers are grumbling at their compatriots' parsimony, and we think our contemporaries very unreasonable in so doing. The Egyptian's sense of co-operation is as yet totally undeveloped, both socially and politically, and it will require years and years of evolution before they can entertain any glimmerings of cohesion and combination. This is the real reason why the subscriptions do not roll in. It is quite a mistake to think that it is due to any miserly proclivities, for the young generation is only too pleased to fling its money away on the gambling tables of Europe or the pleasures of Paris. For, as the Egyptian Princess Nazli Hanem told Mr. de Guerville:—"The new generation is not worth the rope to hang itself with. It thinks of nothing but the cut of its clothes, the shape of its boots, or the possession of a European girl for its mistress, who sucks them dry physically and morally, as well as emptying their purses. The influence which these women exercise over our youth is fantastic and deplorable. They ruin them in every way, and make of them nothing more nor less than human scarecrows." With such counter attractions the subscription list to the National University must of course suffer.

HIGHER EDUCATION IN EGYPT.

In referring to the scheme for establishing a National University, the "Globe" says:—

The promoters of the movement for establishing a brand new and improved University in Egypt cannot be congratulated on the opportuneness of their project. In view of recent events, it is bound to wear a suspicious appearance as more conducive to political unrest than to the dissemination of higher culture, its professed object. We do not allege that it has that character, but Mustapha Pasha Kamel, the cleverest agitator in Egypt, is endeavouring to create belief that he and his restless associates are covertly operating the scheme. The "Times" correspondent at Cairo expresses misgiving that this new educational institution will, unless great care be taken, become much more nationalist than national, and so fall under the control of influences inimical to British guidance. Apart from that grave objection, it is very doubtful whether the country really needs another University; that of Al Azhar furnishes as much higher education as seems to be desired by the large majority of the inhabitants. What they want is, not so much deep learning as its appearance, with a view to make commercial profit out of the superficial show. In India, we have had plentiful proof of the mischief resulting from the multiplication of Universities. The students regard the taking of a degree as the passport to Government employment, and when that reward does not fall to them, their bitter disappointment at the waste of time and money saps their loyalty. That deplorable condition of affairs would be sure to occur in Egypt if the new University were associated, directly or indirectly, with the State. Happily, its promoters propose to raise the half million sterling required by an appeal to the wealthier classes, and the result should indicate whether there is any genuine demand for the proposed institution.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman liner City of Venice sailed hence last evening for Liverpool direct with a full cargo, including 6,123 bales of cotton.

EGYPT AND SERVIA.

IMPORTATION OF CATTLE.

The French Chargé d'Affaires at Cairo has addressed the following communication to his Government on the subject of the importation of Servian cattle into Egypt:—

"The Servian Government are engaged in pourparlers with Egypt with the object of opening new markets in this country. M. Popovitch was sent on a mission to Egypt to discuss this question, and his efforts have so far been fruitful. Indeed, the arrival of ten loads of Servian cattle at Alexandria is announced, and it is said this will be followed immediately by many others.

"This news is welcomed on every hand, for it is hoped that these arrivals will lower the price of meat, which is relatively dear, and which gives rise to great and frequent complaints.

"It will be of some interest to our French cattle breeders to learn the position which they might occupy in Egypt, for out of a total of L.E. 579,706 of animals and alimentary products of animals imported during the last seven months (of which Turkey claims L.E. 403,088), France only occupies third place with L.E. 20,136, leaving England and Italy far ahead; and, again, in these import figures French beasts only take the lowest place, as, for instance, in 1905, out of a sum of L.E. 33,575 they only accounted for L.E. 1,363.

"Seeing that Servian cattle can find a market in Egypt, while they have to face the same difficulties of transport, there is no doubt that our products, the quality of which is infinitely superior, could take first place."

GREEKS & THE ROUMANIAN LINE.

An instructive example of the pit-falls which beset the journalist in such a cosmopolitan country as Egypt, is afforded by the campaign which has been of late waged by Mr. Benachi, president of the Hellenic community of Alexandria, against the Greek daily local newspaper "Telegraphos." A short time ago a paragraph appeared in that paper dealing with the excellence of the new service of steamers of the Roumanian Line, which have begun to run between Alexandria, Athens, Constantinople, and Constanza. Now it is the duty of a journalist in Egypt to always bear in mind that the great international disputes in Europe and elsewhere always have a re-echo in this country, and therefore, as one phase of the Macedonian troubles has been Roumania's hostility to the Greeks, it was considered high treason for a Greek newspaper in Alexandria to advertise the new Roumanian line. Consequently the President of the Hellenic community of Alexandria felt that it was incumbent on him to take up the cudgels, and therefore pressure was brought to bear on the subscribers of the "Telegraphos" to induce them to desist from any further support of that paper.

EGYPTIAN INSTITUTE.

The meetings of the Egyptian Institute were resumed in Cairo on Monday at 3 p.m., under the presidency of Hussein Pasha Fakhry, and among those present were M. Maspero, Abbate Pasha, Yacoub Pasha Artin, Walter Innes Bey, Piot Bey, Dr. Bay, Bonola Bey, MM. Vaast, Georgiadis, Mosseri, Fourtan, Legrain, and Dr. Keatinge.

An interesting paper upon "Theban Art and the Origins of Egypt" was read by M. Legrain. Before the conclusion of the meeting Yacoub Pasha Artin gave a most interesting account of the quater-centenary of Aberdeen University, which he attended as representative of the Egyptian Institute.

EGYPTIAN "NATIONALISM."

Under the title "A Phantom Programme," an extremely interesting and suggestive article in the "Journal du Caire" deals with the Nationalist party's aspirations, from which we select the following passages:—

What is it after all? Is it Pan-Islamic? Its partisans must realise that Pan Islamism and Nationalism are mutual opposites, mutual contradictions, the domain of politics and of facts, that Egypt is a concrete 'patrie;" Islam,—a "patrie" that does not exist, that never can be won. That Pan-Islamism is a vain illusion, that the different Moslem countries are as many district units, that the combination in one vast whole of all these incompatible elements is impossible, that the Egyptian, the Turk, the Afghan, and the Tartar are ingredients that can never be assimilated, that neither in Europe nor in the East has the religious crucible ever produced a durable fusion, that the differences between races and peoples obey a law of nature from which none escape;..... that, to sum up, such a programme resuscitated from the Dark Ages is a chimera that may stir up crusades, but cannot found a great nation by wiping out national existences.

THE SLEEPING SICKNESS PERIL.

The formal opening of the Brussels School of Tropical Medicine took place recently. The school has been founded by King Leopold, and will work in conjunction with the similar establishments of London and Liverpool. Its principal object will be the study of sleeping sickness. Dr. Van Campenhout, the director of the colonial sanatorium of Watermael, where two cases of sleeping sickness were recently cured, is at the head of the Brussels school.

BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

A RETROSPECT.

The Bandmann Company have now left Cairo after a series of most creditable performances—to themselves, that is; for we cannot say much for some of the plays. All the plays, except for "The Little Michus," are rather of the rag-bag, patchwork quilt order, introducing songs and dances wherever seems most convenient; and one would really think that Messrs. Hicks, Rubens, Sidney Jones, and the rest agree to make one vast stock of such items on which they draw, say, ten per play. But, after all, it is only musical comedy, and some of it is not so bad.

The best pieces, perhaps, were "The Spring Chicken," "The Run Away Girl," and perhaps "Florodora." "The Catch of the Season" and 'Sergeant Brue" are futile efforts: 'The Belle of New York" was too big for the troupe to handle; 'The Earl and the Girl" and "A Chinese Honeymoon" were both so-so, not much more. "Lady Madcap" is very slight, but good of its kind. "The Geisha," of course, we know these many years: it has prettier music than the rest—except the 'Michus'—but it is not very wonderful. "Aladdin" is all very well as pantomime, but it is rather "Anathema" from any other point of view.

Still, taken altogether, the repertoire gave us a very fair twelve days' amusement. Now for the company. The staging, scenery, and dresses are quite good. The conducting varied a little. Mr. Warwick Major has great energy and undoubted ability, and he had a very ragged orchestra to handle; but now and again he seems to be a little hard on his performers, and disinclined to help them out sufficiently. Of course, with all musical comedy songs, great liberties are taken. Perhaps once or twice this was overdone; and then the local orchestra probably did not expect it. As to encores, we heard occasional objections that the Major did not always allow them when they seemed justified, but really we think encores are most unnecessary except when the audience really clamour for them.

Mr. Cole is the great man of the company. He enlivened the dullest pieces, and showed himself to be a born comedian in every way. Miss Corlass was always delightful and danced charmingly. She can sing as well as any one, but as a rule she is too fond of "scamping" the note, so as to make some point or emphasize some word. She spoilt the "Tact", song in "Florodora" thereby. But that she has a voice, and a most sweet, true voice, she showed fully in the St. Valentin in "The Michus." That was the most exquisite bit of music of all that we heard through the twelve pieces. Miss Corlass's acting is always good, though perhaps a little too antocratic in "The Geisha." Mr. Attwell and Miss Nina Leslie are the two "show" singers of the company. Miss Leslie has a powerful, well-trained, and sweet voice, and Mr. Attwell has a very pleasing high baritone—hardly tenor—the tone, except for one or two upper notes, is distinctly baritone and he uses it to advantage. He and Miss Leslie both "caught on" to the compass of the theatre at once. Miss Morra is a very excellent little dancer, and she sings and acts well up to her various parts. Mr. Lester and Mr. Smith are both useful, but there is a certain sameness and lack of originality in their acting; though both of them did excellently in the "Michus." The rest of the company are quite good; indeed one or two of them should have been given a better chance, notably Mr. Hayden and Miss Minnie Leslie. The chorus was very fair but not always strong enough for the theatre; but then they were not at full strength. How should they be at the end of a two years' tour?

To sum up, they are a good, even a very good travelling company, and their performances deserve all our gratitude for filling so ably the rather dull period between the summer and the season; that fortnight when Cairo is just rubbing its eyes preparatory to awakening to the greater festivities of the winter.

MODEL WORKSHOPS.

In concluding his report upon the model workshops of Egypt, Johnson Pasha says:—

As this is in all probability the last report on the Model Workshops which I shall have the honour of presenting, I may be pardoned for expressing the hope that in the future the considerations which led to the adoption of a system, which I think I may say has proved successful, may not be forgotten or overlooked. The first and foremost of these considerations was that instruction in the work of the hands should be through practice assisted by theory, not through theory illustrated by practice. It is in vain that the brain may know how the hands should move, if the hands have not been trained to obey the brain. As the French proverb has it, "A forger on devient forgeron."

This principle with the stress and impulse given to work, by actual compliance with orders given under what are practically ordinary trade conditions, are to my mind the essential points of the system. Details may and probably will be changed, and changed to advantage, and doubtless many developments may be possible and advantageous in the future, which were impossible when the institution was in its infancy, but I trust the underlying principles may be able to hold their own.

BERLITZ SCHOOLS OF LANAGEGUS.
325 BRANCHES.
French, German, Italian, Greek, Arabic, etc. Private Lessons, Residence Lessons, taught by Native Masters.
ALEXANDRIA: 12 Rue Rosette (close to Zizinia Theatre.)
CAIRO: 1 Sharia Kamel.
TRIALLESSONS FREE.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Colonel the Hon. North de Coigny Dalrymple-Hamilton, second son of the 10th Earl of stair, whose death is reported by a Reuter's telegram, was born in 1853 and educated at Harrow. He joined the Scots Guards at the age of eighteen, and in 1882 he served as adjutant to the 1st Battalion in Egypt, taking part in the battle of Tel el Kebir (medal with clasp, 5th class Medjidieh, Khedive's star). In 1885 he went to the Sudan as Major of the Guard's Brigade and fought at Hashsen and Tofrek, and in the latter action was severely wounded. He was also severely wounded at the action of Belmont in the South African War. On his return to England he was made Lieut. Col. 3rd Battalion Scots Guards.

Birthday congratulations fell, last week, to the Earl of Dundonald, who is fifty-four. With the 2nd Life Guards he served in the Nile Expedition, twenty-two years ago, including the whole of the Bayuda desert fighting, and rode alone from Mekemmeh to Korti with despatches announcing the death of Gordon and the fall of Khartoum. For his services there he was mentioned in despatches and promoted Lieut.-Colonel. During the late war in South Africa he was at the relief of Ladysmith, his horsemen being the first to enter the town on the raising of the siege. His lordship was half a dozen times named in despatches, and awarded the Queen's medal with six clasps.

Adly Pasha Yeghen left for Cairo yesterday.

The judges of the Native Court of Appeal are to give a banquet, on the first day of Beyram, at the Grand Hotel Continental, Cairo, to Saad Bey Zaghloul and Mr. Satow, on the occasion of their new appointments.

We regret to learn that Mr. W.E. Brunyate is suffering from a severe attack of dengue.

Kaimakam Drury Bey, Controller, Sudan Ports, left Cairo yesterday for Suez, where he will embark to-day for Suakin on the Khedivial S.S. Kosseir.

Mohamed Eff. El Maghrabi, private secretary to Mr. Dunlop, has been appointed Chief Inspector of Kuttabs.

The Khedive has conferred the rank of Miralai on Abdullah Bey Nazri and Osman Bey Hanou, and that of Kaimakam on Mohamed Bey Effat.

Mrs. Charles W. Washburn, of Baltimore, who has been abroad since the early spring, will spend the winter on the Riviera and in Egypt.

DELEGATION MUNICIPALE.

(*Communication Officielle*)

La Délégation Municipale s'est réunie le 6 Novembre 1906 sous la présidence de S.E. le Dr. Schiess Pacha à 9 h. du soir.

Présents MM Abani Bey, Ahmed Pacha Yehia, Mansour Bey Youssef, E. Benachi, Dr. G. Valensin, G. Zervudachi, membres, W. P. Chataway, administrateur, I. Sedky Bey, secrétaire.

La Délégation ajourne au rapport des services les offres présentées par divers pour fourniture de bureau et dallage de la rue Caied Gohar.

Elle prend note de la lettre de la Municipalité de Berlin, faisant suite à sa dépêche, proposant la candidature de M. Mier au poste d'Ingénieur en chef.

L'Administration est invitée à dresser un relevé des états de services des divers candidats proposés pour ce poste et à distribuer ce relevé aux membres.

Elle décide de prendre un arrêté de fermeture d'une échèche, se trouvant à l'Ibrahimieh, en raison des mauvaises conditions sanitaires de cette échèche.

La Délégation, de l'avis conforme du Conseil du Tanzim, accepte la cession d'une rue faite par M. Rolo, au boulevard d'Allemagne.

Elle prend note d'une lettre du 5 novembre 1906 revendiquant la propriété de certaines parcelles mises en vente pour le mois de novembre et demandant à tenir la vente des lots revendiqués en suspens.

Ces lots sont les Nos. 4, 5 et 6 de la parcelle XXVI.

Cette lettre sera soumise à la Commission.

Une requête de la Communauté Hellénique pour une allocation à l'Ecole professionnelle hellénique est renvoyée au Comité spécial.

La séance est levée à minuit.

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TELEGRAMS.

UNREST IN MOROCCO.

SERIOUS SITUATION.

FRENCH SAILORS ATTACKED.

TANGIER, November 6.

The unrest throughout Morocco is increasing. A French cruiser's boat was stoned whilst approaching the pier here and the crew hooted. Several of the crew were injured.

El Raisuli's men have seized the power station of the Spanish Electric Lighting Company at Arzila.

The Spanish Government has strongly remonstrated but, up to the present, without result. (*Reuter*)

ALGIERS, November 6.

Two French officers and forty native riflemen were killed in an attack by Moors at Tidjkidji. (*Reuter*)

TANGIER, November 6.

A launch belonging to the cruiser Galilee was getting alongside the jetty, when some Moorish sailors attacked the Frenchmen with their oars. The Moorish watchmen favoured the aggression. The Frenchmen withdrew, some of them being injured. Three Moors have been imprisoned. (*Havas*)

THE PORTSMOUTH RIOT.

FURTHER DISTURBANCES.

LONDON, November 6.

Further disturbances at the Portsmouth naval barracks took place at midnight. Hundreds of stokers attacked the officers' quarters, smashing windows and doing other damage. Officers were assaulted and policemen badly injured. Bodies of armed sailors and marines overpowered the rioters. Many of them were arrested. (*Reuter*)

LONDON, November 6.

The renewal of the disturbance at Portsmouth arose, seemingly, owing to the closing of the gates of the barracks at 10 o'clock to exclude late-comers and stragglers, a noisy crowd of whom collected outside. Their shouts excited those inside, and both parties joined in smashing everything in a frenzied manner. Apparently no officer was actually attacked. Armed detachments were landed from the Goliath, Prince of Wales, and Excellent. They assisted the marines in surrounding the rioters and arresting a large number. (*Reuter*)

LORDS AND THE EDUCATION BILL.

"CHARACTER ALMOST COMPLETELY TRANSFORMED."

LONDON, November 6.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—The discussion on the amendments to the Education Bill was continued yesterday. The character of the Bill has been almost completely transformed.

At the conference of the Non-Conformist Councils, met here, it was resolved to organise demonstrations against the House of Lords. A speaker suggested that the Government should appoint 500 Liberal Peers to carry the original Bill through. (*Reuter*)

AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

VICTORY OF MR. HUGHES.

NEW YORK, November 6.

Elections yesterday took place in 42 States, 23 of which were choosing governors, 22 state legislators, and all, congressmen. Interest is concentrated in New York, where the latest returns indicate that the Republican candidate, Mr. Hughes, has been elected governor with a small majority. (*Reuter*)

FUNERAL OF ARCHDUKE OTTO.

VIENNA, November 6.

The funeral of the Archduke Otto took place to-day and was of a State character. (*Havas*)

THE CHANNEL FLEET.

LONDON, November 6.

Vice-Admiral Sir Reginald Custance has been appointed second in command of the Channel Fleet. (*Reuter*)

Vice Admiral Sir Reginald Neville Custance, K.C.M.G., C.M.G., C.V.O. has been a Rear Admiral of the Mediterranean Fleet since 19 2. He was born in Belfast, September 20, 1847, the eldest son of General William Neville Custance, C.B. As a middy on the Euryalus he took part in the capture of Kahding in 1862, and in the actions of Kagosima 1863, and Simonoseki 1864. He was Assistant Director of Naval Intelligence 1886-90, in command of the Phaeton, 1890-93, and the Barfleur, 1893-98; he was Naval Attaché at Washington and Paris, 1898-95, A.D.C. to Queen Victoria, 1897, Director of Naval Intelligence, 1899-1902. Amongst other decorations, he had the Humane Society's silver medal, the Sacred Treasure of the first class of Japan, and the Order of the Redeemer of Greece. He also accompanied Admiral Domvile on the mission to the Sultan in 1903.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, November 6.

Colonel Hon. Dalrymple-Hamilton is dead. (*Reuter*)

OLD EGYPTIAN INDUSTRY.

PAPER PRODUCED FROM PAPYRUS.

ENTERPRISE REWARDED.

Success seems to have crowned the enterprise of Mr. Smedley Norton, the well-known author and explorer, in his attempt to revive the papyrus-growing industry of Egypt, which has been extinct for over a thousand years. A large tract of land is now under cultivation, and it is confidently believed that the result will be the production of a better quality of paper than any yet on the market, at a much cheaper price.

So long ago as the seventh century papyrus-growing was a staple industry in Egypt, but through neglect the plant ceased to grow. What travellers on the Nile believe to be papyrus is nothing but Nile grass, which is quite useless for the manufacture of paper. Mr. Norton, who has explored Egypt successfully, obtained seed from remote parts of Syria and Palestine, principally from the vicinity of the Sea of Galilee and the River Jordan. Any endeavour to cultivate the plant there would be futile for commercial purposes, as there is no provision for the transit of the reed to the coast in adequate quantities. A specimen of the plant which was successfully raised on the Nile by Mr. Norton has been certified by Mr. C. B. Clarke, of Kew Gardens, to be the true papyrus, and after exhaustive experiments Dr. Quarin Weirtz, consulting chemist and analyst to the Paper Makers' Association of Great Britain, has produced pulp which he pronounces admirable for paper-making, and remarks that its adoption is only a question of quantity obtainable, price, collection, and freight."

All this has been carefully calculated. Mr. H.E. Winter, who is closely associated with the scheme, said, in an interview with a representative of "The Daily News": "All the pros and cons of the matter have been considered by a committee of experts, and the result has been that we see our way to putting on the market a better quality of paper than any yet made, at a price which, although lower than any other, will leave a profit for ourselves. As something like £4,000,000 worth of paper is used in this country every year this will mean a big revolution in the paper trade. The present sources of supply of material for paper making are being used up so rapidly that the Norwegian Government recently had to legislate to prevent the depletion of their forests. The papyrus plant grows in water, and ranges from seven to ten feet high. Three crops can be gathered in the year—say, January, April, and October—and all that the plant needs is irrigation now and then. This will be easy, as the land where the papyrus is growing is under the level of the Nile. It has to be ploughed only once in five years, and that very deeply, so that, with cheap labour, the cost of production will not be great.

"We shall have seven or eight hundred acres under cultivation at first, and shall be able to send over about 100,000 tons of raw material in the first twelve months, commencing next spring. To start with, we shall have it made into pulp in British factories, but later we shall have our own mill on the spot, so that the cost of freight will be considerably lessened when we export the material from Egypt in the form of pulp. Experiments have proved that the yield of papyrus pulp, after bleaching, is much larger than that of esparto pulp, and it is exceedingly strong. In the old days the natives used to make suits of clothes and boats out of the paper made from papyrus. We shall make paper for newspapers and books, and also for wall decoration."

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

THE ENGLISH IN EGYPT.

OUR MANNERS AND MORALS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—An interesting feature of the Press campaign now being carried on by our Nationalist opponents is the reiteration of attacks on our morals and our manners. We British are accused of supercilliousness, discourtesy, and aloofness. Mustapha Pasha Kamel falls back on these accusations whenever at a loss for material. "Al Moayad" gives us a lamentable picture of young Englishmen standing pipe in mouth and trousers turned up at the ends, accompanied—horror of horrors—by their dogs in the presence of Legislative Councillors, Ministers, and other grave and reverend seniors. In fact, we are accused of boorishness and arrogance at all times and seasons, and the good patriot who is zealous for the reputation of his countrymen naturally feels pained that such accusations should be brought against them and apparently accepted as being wholly true by the readers of many Nationalist journals.

As far as I can gather, there is no ground for the assertion that the British and the educated Moslems of Egypt have to some extent drawn apart since the Occupation. But the fault is not all on our side, and in justice to our countrymen let me attempt to explain their conduct.

In many cases the young Englishman has no conscious bias against the people of the country, but his tastes, his interests, and his work lead him among his fellow countrymen, or at least among other Europeans, and by force of circumstances he finds it difficult to meet any Egyptian Moslem, other than a bowab or a farrash, and the former is probably a Berberine. He cannot spend much time in studying the people: his work is often sufficiently hard—especially if he is a member of that energetic commercial section of our colony of which we are rightly proud—to make him hail with joy the coming of a few leisure hours which he can devote to bridge, games, or some form of exercise or to reading, to which he may be devoted. Be it remembered that the very knowledge of Arabic is no longer a necessity for many members of the colony. Commercial men have their clerks who can interpret Arabic or Turkish into English or at least French. Servants are learning pidgin English or Nilotic-Italian in large numbers and even should they be innocent of a word of their master's tongue, it is parlous Arabic that one learns from the Berberine.

Then there are those who consciously avoid intercourse with the native—I have nothing to say on behalf of some of them—their insularity is irrealisable; they will have no traffic with any but true born Anglo Saxons—or ancient Britons—who, by the way, often boast strangely exotic names.

Still these interesting survivals of days when ententes were undreamt of and foreigners qualified by sanguinary adjectives by the multitude must be decreasing in numbers. They are a dwindling band—they are out of fashion in days of Lord Mayoral visits and international flirtations, and we have to thank the national snobbishness for the certainty that the unfashionable will speedily pass away. It is "good form" now to be civil to foreigners, and John Bull to his amazement finds that civility is appreciated. Being—in reality—very pleased to hear himself complimented on virtues which he had thought were unappreciated by a hostile world, he grows more amicable every day and is indeed likely to suffer from his kindly advances to certain rather surly and jealous neighbours.

But there are others who have reasons for their refusal to mix to any extent with native society, and their reasons may be summarised as follows:—

"We are not anxious to pose as saints or to ride high moral hobby horses to the death. But what we have seen and heard of good Moslem society, or rather of rich Moslem society, does not make us anxious to frequent it. Turks, Albanians and Circassians we like but they are rare and grow steadily rarer. The Egyptian Moslem of pure or mixed race has in our opinion two great weaknesses. He cannot as a rule be trusted to behave civilly to European women. We grant that all countries have their 'Arries and their rakes, but the Egyptian cad is unusually offensive. He is peculiarly foul-mouthed and insulting to Christian women, ogles them as they pass, shoves them off pavements, attempts low familiarities when he dares, i.e. when he has his friends around him and they are unprotected. His excuse is beneath contempt: 'we are unaccustomed to see women without veils.' Well, in Cairo and Alexandria this is false and, were it true, the man who becomes an instant slave to the satyr in him on the slightest provocation is not fit for civilised society. We grant there is a swine in many of us. But we do not let the beast frisk and rummage in broad daylight as do many young Egyptians who boast of their wealth and education. The 'Europe returned' are often as bad as any of their home staying brothers. They are sent to Europe by indulgent parents who give them large allowances. They neglect the good points in our civilisation, but wallow in its mire. Their knowledge and ideas of European women are based on their acquaintance with such poor creatures who have been driven by financial reasons to disregard ethnological considerations. They do not meet respectable European women and their ways of thinking are not such as to make them desirable visitors to a European household. We think that it is too risky an experiment to bring the average Egyptian Moslem into our houses. We generalise—but we must generalise. We do not find the same weaknesses among decent Turks, Syrians, and other Eastern races, Moslem or Christian. We know that the former, however low their opinion of women, can be trusted—that the majority of Eastern Christians know what home life is, and respect women in word and conduct.

Again we find the extraordinary moral laxity of the people a deterrent. We eat men who cheat at cards. We avoid gaol birds, we regard fraudulent bankrupts with aversion; even if the memory of former friendship or pity for the man who has gone under prompts us at times to continue our connection with him, we do not ask our friends to meet him. But here we find an amazing and phenomenal tolerance. We see a swindling mudir the object of universal sympathy, we see gaol birds received on their return by their respectable friends with demonstrations of joy, we find ourselves introduced to worthies whose grue some record does not prevent their sitting on the divans of decent men. We know that the European adventurer is to be found in Egypt, and we regret it. But we do not rush into his arms, nor do we hold that a man is eminently respectable because he is rich. Such is one defence. We should of course be called canting hypocrites by the Englishmen who backed the Burghers against our troops and now support Mustapha Kamel. But we have our reasons, and there they are. No doubt there is some exaggeration in this indictment, but in the writer's opinion it contains a great deal of truth. And what is the moral—well, that morals are wanted by the younger generation of Egyptians, as much as intellect.

If our educationalists can teach the Egyptian youth to the speak truth, to respect women, and to regard punishment by the law as something shameful, they will do much to simplify the social difficulty.—Yours.

GAEL.

Cairo, November 4.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

EDUCATION IN EGYPT.

("Al Moayad".)

The great stroke of policy displayed by the Occupation to daze the natives is the spreading of kuttabs—a trick that is sure to succeed opposed by none, as it wears a noble outward appearance, viz: that of spreading primary education all over the country; and certainly it should secure the great result of generalising compulsory training, if it is carried out with general devotion. These kuttabs cannot be established unless they are founded on a sound organisation. Thus education may be spread in every portion of the land until a day comes when training becomes compulsory and general as it is in every highly civilized nation.

But this last trick tastes more of dissembling than of noble intention. Thus each mudir rivals the other in the way he exhorts the rich classes to establish kuttabs, a rivalry which leads to unsatisfactory courses. The greatest seekers after the favour of the Occupation are those who exert the biggest efforts to establish more kuttabs in less time, disregarding the fact that in so doing they may be compelling the omdehs to take the money of the people in spite of the latter's wishes.

Lord Cromer has shown his great desire for the establishing of kuttabs in the oration he gave last year to the rich class in Fayoum, and also in his numerous conversations with the mudirs when he was travelling in the south and north of the country.

The speeches of his Lordship were followed by the voice of the Adviser to the Interior singing the same melodious note at every opportunity to the delighted mudirs.

Some mudirs thought it an excellent opportunity for them to show their loyalty directly to the Adviser, and indirectly to his Lordship; and they therefore arose simultaneously to collect subscriptions in such a manner as to sow the seed of emulation between the people and bring about oppression, which caused great harm, especially to those who were compelled to pay when they could not. This movement took place at a time unsuitable for gathering money; and thus some were compelled to borrow money at 20, 30 and even 40 per cent.

The former influence of the omdehs was thus re-established—that influence which is used to suck the blood of the poor man before sucking his purse. Thus for two reasons has a good intention been changed into an evil one; namely, oppression and dissimulation.

We know quite well that many of the wrongs committed in the movement were made known to Kasr el Doubara, where some of them were retrieved, his Lordship guiding the Adviser to follow the safest course; and hence the giving back to their owners of the sums collected from Sharkieh province for the sake of founding kuttabs.

To conclude, the policy of the present system of education can never form a nation that might present the world with highly educated men in all branches of science; there is no progress in the policy, for, as Lord Cromer said, the advance of learning and science in a nation is dependent upon whether the system of education is such as would meet all the needs of that nation.

MOSLEMS AND THE EMPIRE.

The position of its Moslems is one of the most important of our Empire's problems, and the vital necessity of still more closely assimilating them as one of its constituent elements is strongly insisted on by the "Morning Post." Discussing questions of method, the writer suggests the following:—"The means are, first, the opening to Mahomedans of such avenues of public works as may convince them that the Government trusts them and esteems them; next, the increase of the opportunities for the Mahomedans of good family to acquire a knowledge of the science of the West without its involving any departure from their faith and the rule of life which that involves. From these two beginnings would flow the improvement of Mahomedan studies, and in due time the general improvement of Mohamedan education in India. Lord Kitchener when he founded the Gordon College at Khartoum showed a statesman's insight into the nature of the problem which Great Britain has to solve in her dealings with the Mahomedan populations whose fate is linked with that of Great Britain."

INTERNATIONAL ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

On Saturday evening last an important meeting of the Blue Cape Pride Lodge, No. 107, was held in the Sailors and Soldiers' Institute, Alexandria, Bro. R. Ireland, C. T., presiding.

The following officers for the ensuing session were duly installed by Bro. J. S. Gervine, D.G.C.T.: P. C. Templar, Bro. R. Ireland; C. Templar, Bro. May; Vice-Templar, Bro. Gibson; Chaplain, Bro. Miles; Marshal, Bro. Povey; Dep. Marshal, Bro. Foran; Guard, Bro. Galwosh; Sentinel, Bro. David; Secretary, Bro. Youssoufian; Asst. Secy. Bro. Uggias; Financial Secy., Bro. Miller; Treasurer, Bro. Wiltshire; Foreign and Lodge Correspondent, Bro. Wiltshire.

At the close of the initiation ceremony, Bro. May took the chair as Chief Templar.

After the transaction of routine business, a recess was granted, and the chair was again occupied by Bro. R. Ireland, P.C.T.

The subject of the evening's debate was "Are Sisters beneficial to our Order?" A protracted debate ensued in which the following Bros. took part:—Gibson, Gervine, Povey, Anderson, Miller, Wiltshire, Lloyd.

A vote was taken, and a tie resulted. The chairman gave his opinion on the subject, which was left open for discussion at some future session.

The Lodge Deputy, prior to closing, wished the new officers every success in their respective offices, and urged on them the desirability of working earnestly on behalf of the Lodge, to which they were all proud to belong. Unfortunately they were small, numerically speaking, but that was only of secondary importance. Quality before quantity is an old axiom, and one to which we should endeavour to adhere in the future. The good name of the Order depends on the solidarity of its members, and their bearing outside the lodge room. Violations, on the other hand, of too frequent a character destroy the good name of a lodge to an almost irreparable extent. This unfortunately has been the case in our own small sphere, and he would advise all to guard against a recurrence in the future. Furthermore, an important matter for officers to bear in mind is punctual attendance at every session where practicable.

In the selection of a programme it should be made of as educational a character as possible, compatible with the capabilities of the members, continued the speaker. "The London Olive Branch Lodge, No. 361, presents to my mind the best programme I have ever seen in connection with the Order, and one which requires adoption by lodges throughout the Order. I am very sorry owing to paucity of members we are unable to present such a programme, but we must hope for the best. Not only must we hope, but do our best, and success will ultimately crown our efforts. There is another matter I would like to treat superficially. A number of people with whom I have conversed are of opinion that our society is of a deadly secret character and therefore are rather shy at joining our ranks. It is not, and our books are open for the inspection of Alexandria.

"This just brings to my mind one important factor which goes a long way to prevent men joining—and that is our pledge. It is too rigorous for many—no loophole of escape. If our associations like many other temperance organisations, had an elastic constitution, and as "Tommy" mildly puts it, "rolled in an occasional barrel of beer," most undoubtedly our membership would increase by leaps and bounds. But such is altogether foreign to our widespread organisation.

"We tolerate no sections—our motto is of a straightforward character, and whether we are strong or weak, spurned or disgraced by fickle members, we must continue to fight until success crowns our efforts." (Hear, hear).

Bro. Gibson (formerly of Maltese Cross Lodge) and Bro. Ireland, having addressed the meeting, the session was duly closed by Bro. May, C.T., at 10.20 p.m.

PORT SAID ENGINE WORKS.

Dowrie & Co., Port Said, have on hand a large quantity of boilers, engines, lathes, pumps, fan blasts, etc., etc.; also a large stock of cast iron, about 20,000 second hand pipes spigot and faucet type in good condition 6½" and 8" diameter. Owing to removal of Works these must be cleared. Offers at from Fcs. 60 per ton upwards (according to the article) will, therefore be considered if received in time. Exceptional opportunity. Boilers are fully serviceable for steaming or at the price would make excellent storage tanks.

Don't miss this chance. No reasonable offer will be refused. .28655-15.A-11

EGYPT'S PLUSH TRADE.

An article recently published in the monthly journal of the French Chamber of Commerce for Alexandria points out that "plush," which is now in great demand in Egypt, is taking the place of the more expensive "velvets." Native fashion, indeed, has taken it up so fanatically that the trousseau of an Arab bride is incomplete unless it includes at least one "plush" dress. For common wear, pink and blue are favourite colours; in mourning, black plush is worn. Noting the popular taste, Austrian and German manufacturers, by holding out to purchasers the inducement of six months' credit, are luring a host of customers to inferior imitations of the British article. The plush in demand is of two widths:—(1) 45 to 46 centimetres (8 to 18 2-5 ins.). This width, which is solely in demand amongst native purchasers in the interior, embraces two or three qualities, and costs from 1s. 3d. to 1s. 8d. per 40 ins. (1 fr. 50 c. to 2 frs. the metre). The various qualities are rather more finished in this than in other widths, and the only colours are mauve, blue, and black. (2) 85 to 90 centimetres (33 3-5 to 36 ins.). This width, which is exclusively in demand in Alexandria and Cairo, is sold in nearly all colours, preference inclining to pink. Manufacturers, when supplying plush of the more delicate hues, which are not easily matched, especially pinks, should be very careful to despatch the exact shade of colour ordered. Where the tint supplied has differed, however slightly, from that ordered, purchasers have often stood out for altered terms. In order to avoid such misunderstanding, manufacturers should send samples of proposed consignments to the purchaser, and obtain his formal approval of the same before transmission.

The following table shows the quantity and value of silk and cotton plush and velvet imported into Egypt in the years 1903, 1904, and 1905:—

	1903.		1904.		1905.		
	Quantity in Metres.	Value in L.E.	Quantity in Metres.	Value in L.E.	Quantity in Metres.	Value in L.E.	
United Kingdom	235,349	31,340	859,675	80,396	22',885	17,673	1 M. = approximatively 40 in. L.E. 1 1/ 0s. 6d.
Germany	114,954	8,108	201,999	14,410	192,113	9,096	
Austria-Hungary	162,312	12,097	286,597	20,506	185,038	12,591	
France	24,314	2,194	21,907	2,923	37,231	2,748	
Other countries	19,992	949	12,857	1,925	5,586	518	
Totals	566,121	44,688	881,935	68,660	561,952	42,615	

N.B.—1 metre = 1 yard.

CAIRO ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.

Commenting upon the Cairo Zoological Garden in his report for last year, Sir William Garstin says:—The Egyptian Government is fortunate in having at its disposition a specialist like Captain Flower—the director of these gardens. A naturalist of reputation, he has a special gift for handling and rearing wild animals and birds, and I think it is safe to assert that, in no similar institution in the world, are the members of the collection in better condition than are those in the Cairo gardens. I do not speak entirely from my own judgment in making this assertion. These gardens have been visited by naturalists from all parts of Europe, and all those whom I have met have been loud in their praise of the condition of the different species forming the collection. It is satisfactory to think that these gardens form an immense attraction to Egyptians. I do not speak only of the more well-to-do classes, but of the villagers, and the natives from the country. On week days, they are thronged by natives, by far the greater number of whom appear to be of the class of the village sheikh or omdeh. I think then that the money expended has been well laid out, and I hope that, by degrees, we may succeed in obtaining an exceptional collection of African fauna.

The annual subsidy was increased in 1905, by L.E. 2,000. At the same time the price of admission—on all days of the week but Sundays—was lowered from two piastres to half a piastre. The change resulted in no loss of revenue. On the contrary, the entrance money was larger than had ever before been the case.

177,587 people visited the gardens in 1905, or 112,876 more than in any previous year.

The total number of animals and birds confined in the gardens, at the end of last year, was 1,173, comprising 295 different species.

The total number of deaths in the year was 255. Among these deaths, the most regrettable were those of the magnificent Nuer ox, and of the chimpanzee from the Bahr-el-Ghezal.

Three-quarters of a Century's established Reputation.

Neave's Food

for

Infants, Invalids and the Aged

"Admirably adapted to the wants of infants and young persons."
Sir Chas. A Cameron, C.B., M.D.

Gold Medal awarded, Woman's Exhibition, London, 1900.

NEAVE'S FOOD is specially prepared for keeping in hot climates and is packed in hermetically sealed Tins.

Manufacturers: JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO., Fordingbridge, England.

DIXON BROS. & HUTCHINSON, Ltd.
MOTOR BOATS & PETROL MOTORS.
Special Designs for Nile, Canals, Business, and Pleasure Boats
Works: SOUTHAMPTON. Sole Agent for Egypt and the Sudan: JAMES CARRALL WILCOCKS.
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The Nile Flotilla Co., Ld.
REGULAR AND FREQUENT
TRANSPORT SERVICE ON RIVER AND CANAL
CUSTOMS-CLEARING & FORWARDING.
Offices — LONDON, CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA
37154-17-1-907

EGYPTOLOGICAL NOTES.

EGYPTIAN MUMMY TICKETS.

A long-neglected item of Egyptian antiquities, specimens of which have lain unnoticed in many collections, is that of the Greek and Demotic mummy labels. Professor Steindorf has edited some, and M. Revillout and Herr Krebs others at Paris and Berlin, and those in London have lately been published by Mr. H. R. Hall, M.A.

The existence of these tickets is because the mummies, in order to reach the cemeteries selected for their interment, were frequently dispatched by Nile boat to the necropolis, or sent from the place of decease by the same means of transport to their relatives. These ghostly dahabeahs appear to have been freighted with collections of these mortal relics; hence the individual cadavers were liable to get mixed up, and so these oblong wooden tickets with their necessary identification inscriptions were securely tied to each mummy. The text usually testified to the name of the defunct and that of his parents, and his age, generally the name of the place from which the individual had been dispatched, and that to which he, or she, was consigned. The Greek labels mostly confine their writings to this, whilst Demotic ones add a prayer, or some religious phrases.

Some tickets set forth that the fare had been forepaid, and the mummies of the wealthy had a papyrus sent with them, some of which have been preserved, explaining full particulars, so that the deceased's name should be struck off the tax lists, and to prevent detention and perhaps loss of the body. Sometimes the labels appear to have become detached from the members of the funereal cargo, for lawsuits are recorded concerning the disputed identity and consequent right of possession to a mummy.

Probably the relics of the rich had a boat to themselves, for the extant mummy labels nearly all belonged to members of the poorer classes, who to save expense had to be shipped crowded together when a sufficient quantity of mummies had accumulated to make a complete cargo. The texts, Mr. Hall tells us, belong chiefly to persons such as tradesmen and handicraftsmen, and as they would if such practices were popular in Egypt to-day, include dragomans and interpreters. The highest personage in the scale of life mentioned is a physician. All these antiquities date from the Roman era, from the commencement of the second to the end of the fourth century.

Cylinder Seals in Ancient Egypt.

In the *Ægyptiaca* notes last year reference was made to the occurrence among antiquities of the early dynasties of cylinder seals similar to those so commonly used in ancient Assyria, Babylonia, and Elam. These signets could only have the reliefs, or inscriptions, upon them impressed by rolling them upon moist clay, or wax, and it was suggested that their manufacture in Egypt was abandoned in a few centuries when the race who had introduced this form of seal from Asia became merged with the native Egyptians.

One cylinder, however, of so late a period as that of Rameses II., whose cartouche it bears, indicated the use at a late date, but it may have been graven in Syria. Recently at Tel el Yahoudieh Professor Petrie found a cylinder which we believe he attributed to the 12th dynasty. It, doubtless, had been kept as a relic in some family for many generations to be finally deposited with a burial near Chabin el Karnata in the Delta.

That the early dynasty cylinders were of Egyptian make is interestingly illustrated by a relief from the Mastaba of Thy at Sakkara, one of the tombs of Memphite supremacy era, which was published a few weeks ago by Mr. Percy E. Newbury in the "Proceedings of the Society of Biblical Archæology." It depicts a workman holding one of these cylinders in his hand—a specimen much larger than those hitherto discovered in Egypt—and apparently drilling it. The accompanying inscription says "drilling a cylinder seal by the seal maker." Another workman stands by holding a large cylinder and what looks like a cord or metal loop for mounting one. The Egyptian word for seal maker, Professor Spiegelberg reads Khetemy, derived from Khetem, a seal, and he suggests that another word Khetemty, sealer, refers to a person entitled to use a seal.

Egyptian Treasures for London.

Several important and interesting additions have recently been made to the Department of Egyptian Antiquities of the British Museum. The period of the XIX. Dynasty is represented by a sandstone seated figure of Rameses II., on the side of which is a portrait in relief of the King's favourite daughter, Bint Antha. There are also a number of libation altars of green diorite and granite, containing in relief representations of fruit, geese, and bind quarters of oxen, which were thought to be necessary for the maintenance of the departed. On all these is the usual votive inscription praying that sepulchral meals may be given by the God Osiris for ever and ever.

Prof. Golenischeff, of St. Petersburg, has presented to the Museum a cast of the famous seated figure of Amenemhat I., B.C. 2,200, which is one of the treasures of the Hermitage. The importance of this statue lies in the fact that it is one of the very few portraits of Amenemhat which have come down to us, and as showing the peculiar cast of features which was formerly, but erroneously, attributed to the so-called "Hyksos," or Shepherd Kings.

The period of the Ptolemies is represented by a shrine of Cleopatra VII., and the Christian or Coptic period by a number of gravestones, with prayers addressed to the Trinity.

CATS IN ANCIENT EGYPT.

ANCESTORS OF PRESENT-DAY PETS.

It is common knowledge that a cat of some sort was a household pet in ancient Egypt, and was so valued and loved that in certain parts of the empire on the hills it was held sacred. Human, if not divine, honours were paid to it after death; for its body was as carefully preserved as was that of its mistress, and thousands of its mummies have been exhumed. It is not so familiarly known, however, that this little Egyptian cat, so respected and loved and made immortal, was the direct ancestor of our own household pets. That this is true is shown by Ernest Ingersoll in his recently published "Life of Animals." The mummy, he says, has revealed the secret.

When, moved by curious interest, you ascend the Nile to Beni Hasan and bend your steps to the pit tombs of the sacred cats behind the ruins of the great temple of Bubastis, you may perchance catch sight of a living and elegant wild cat watching you from some rocky knoll, or, oblivious of your silent approach, furtively creeping toward a "trochilus" by the riverside or stiffening its muscles for a leap upon some toothsome hare or jerboa. In that lithe and eager beast, which seems so familiar, although you have never seen it before, stands the parent of our "fire-side sphinx." It is the Egyptian, or Caffre, or Lybian, or gloved cat—for by so many names does Felis libyca go into our books and museums.

Its habits are simple. It hunts largely by night, yet it is often seen abroad by day, catching the various birds and small mammals of the desert. Anderson, whose magnificent work on the zoology of Egypt contains a portrait, reproduced in colour in Mr. Ingersoll's book, informs us that it "inhabits dry situations in rocks or wooded districts . . . . and lives in deep holes which extend underground for a considerable distance"—holes dug by other animals.

The cat is known all over the more open parts of Africa, and is so variable that formerly several specific names were given to its different phases. Everywhere it seems to cross freely with domestic cats.

So much for the tamed cats of Egypt; but what have they to do with our own puss? Everything, for it now seems certain that she has come down to us from the same "little Egyptian cats," and even owes to them her pet name. The old, thoughtless notion was that they were simply tamed (European) cats. People read in their translations of the classics of the "cats" of ancient Greece, and said that these had been domesticated before written history began, and had become changed during the long centuries since they began to catch mice in the halls of Mykenæ or between decks on the ships of Tarshish.

But careful students began to foresee that this simple explanation would not suffice. Faith in it was disturbed in the first place by the criticism that the Greek word ailuros had been improperly translated "cat." Really, it meant the white breasted marten (Martes foina), which the early Greeks kept as a ratter, much as we now employ its relative, the ferret, and they did not have any true cat at all. Next, the anatomists found that there were essential and constant differences as to certain bones and in points of colon between the wild cats and the house cats of Europe, which could not be reconciled. Then archæologists began to collect mummied cats in Egypt, whose bones, the anatomists told them, precisely agreed with those of the Egyptian wild cat (Felis libyca), and pictured evidence appeared that such cats were domesticated anciently along the Nile.

At that time all Europe was a savage wilderness except, perhaps, some beginnings of civilization in Greece and southern Italy. Presently fossil remains turned up in England and in Belgium, which bore closer resemblance to the Egyptian than to the European wild cats, and examination revealed that the living wild cats of Sardinia and Tuscan Italy were not of the European type, but were (and are) a Mediterranean variety of the Egyptian cat.

ADVERTISING IN EGYPT.

Recent Egyptian explorations have resulted in the discovery of certain papyri, which prove to us that advertising is not as modern as it is supposed to be, and that the art of exploiting their wares found favour with the world's ancients.

In King's College, London, says the "Wall Street Summary," there has lately been exhibited a fragment which is believed to be a part of the Gnomal of Epicharmus, although it is credited by some to Axiopistus, which contains an announcement that, for a consideration, "phrases for use on friend or foe, when speaking in court or in the assembly, on a rascal, a gentleman, a stranger, a bully, a drunkard, or a boor, may be obtained."

Since Epicharmus flourished between 540 and 450 B.C., it will probably be news to the "originators" of modern advertisement writing to learn that the seductive art in which they claim perfection was, apparently, countenanced almost 2,500 years ago.

EDEN PALACE HOTEL,

CAIRO.

NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENT CUISINE.

ELECTRIC LIGHT. LIFT.

Special terms for officers of the Army of Occupation and Government Officials. 16-11-06

SPORT AND PLAY.

FOOTBALL.

K.S.C. v. MR. YATES' XI.

The match at Ghezireh on Saturday last was between the home team and one brought against them by Mr. Yates, which provided a very good game and another draw.

Stout lost the toss and the club were set to play with the sun in their eyes, and with this disadvantage kicked off at 4 o'clock. The home forwards started in most promising fashion and were quickly attacking. The centre and left-wing were responsible for clever work, and Brereton early had an opportunity of scoring, but waited too long, and the visiting backs, who were playing a very sound game, transferred to midfield. At the end of ten minutes the visiting left broke away, and Green scored. It was a good shot but Morrison was obviously hampered by both the sun and backs.

From the kick-off the home forwards immediately attacked. Bostock gave to Brereton, who had hard lines in hitting the cross bar with a good shot, and immediately after the same player shot wide. Another disaster, however, quickly befell the club, Green and Done again being responsible. The latter scored at the end of a clever run with rather a soft shot. There only remained about five minutes of the first half, and it seemed likely that the scratch team would retain their substantial advantage, but a fine effort by Paten reduced the margin. After a clever centre, he again received the ball and working his way into the centre scored a fine goal with which Fiddiman had little chance.

In the second half the football improved considerably, and the defence of the visiting team was kept continually busy with a sustained attack in which the inside forwards were chiefly conspicuous. The equalising goal came from Bostock, who after receiving from the centre cleverly eluded the defence and put the ball well into the corner of the net.

An injury to Yates severely handicapped his side, and it seemed as if the club must score every minute, but they failed to press home their advantage, and no further point was added, although in the last minute Green narrowly missed giving his side the victory with a shot which hit the upright.

Edwards and Turner played a very fine game at back, and the form on both sides was an improvement on the previous week, the inside forwards especially combining well. The following were the teams:

K. S. C.—Morrison, goal; Stout and Wyatt, backs; Wesley, Rivers Smith, and Etherington-Smith, half backs; Brereton, Bostock, Izzat-bat, Paten, and Fox, forwards.

MR. YATES' XI.—Sgt. Fiddiman, goal; Pte. Edwards and Pte. Turner, backs; Lce Corpl. Richards, Mr. Yates, and Lce Corpl. Sheridan, half backs; Mr. Blencowe, Pte. Moores, Pte. Russell, Pte. Green, and Pte. Done, forwards.

ALEXANDRIA SPORTING CLUB.

NOTICE TO OWNERS.

Owners are reminded that the nominations for the following races to take place in 1907 will close on December 1st:

1ST SUMMER MEETING.—Club Stakes, National Stakes, Grand Prize of Alexandria.

2ND SUMMER MEETING.—Alexandria Derby.

3RD SUMMER MEETING.—St. Leger Stakes and Ibrahimieh Stakes.

A STRANGE STORY.

The Paris correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" relates the following remarkable story:—

"Spiders in the attic" may not be unknown in Marseilles, but something worse has been found in the brain of M. Peraldi, who lives near the Cannebière. He had had a bad cold for some time, with violent headache. Poultices on his skull produced no relief, but one day a terrific sneeze took away the pain, and at the same time brought out an insect not named by us in polite society, though Americans use the word freely. A few days later the headache returned, and M. Peraldi went to hospital, where he was trepanned. A nest of the same loathsome insects was found in his brain and removed. He is now doing well, physically and mentally.

Commercial & Financial Supplement

OF THE

"Egyptian Gazette."

The Commercial and Financial Supplement of the "Egyptian Gazette" is published at midday every Saturday in time for the Austrian Lloyd's mail. The supplement contains exhaustive and important reviews of the cotton, cotton-seed, and stock and share markets, with all the latest statistics up to the evening of the preceding day, complete tabular forms of the various market fluctuations, and the copies of the official telegrams of the Liverpool Cotton Association, etc., etc. Subscription for one year P.T. 100 (inclusive of postage in Egypt for abroad the postage is P.T. 10 extra). For Further particulars apply to the Manager the "Egyptian Gazette."

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CAUGHT BY THE GRIP-- RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.

La Grippe Is Epidemic Catarrh.

LA GRIPPE spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are all subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

La grippe is well-named. The original term, la grippe, is French, but it has been shortened by the busy American to one word "grip."

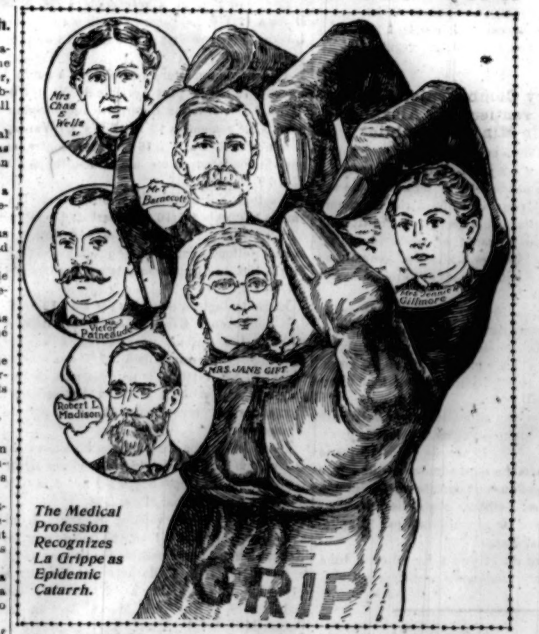
Without any intention of doing so, a new word has been coined which describes the disease exactly.

The ailment clings to the patient as tenaciously as if some terrible giant had clutched him in a fatal clasp.

Men, women and children—whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of this terrible monster.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip caught you? If so, read the following letters.

These testimonials will show you the quickest and best means of ridding yourself of this tenacious disease and its after-effects.



The Medical Profession Recognizes La Grippe as Epidemic Catarrh.

Suffered Twelve Years From After-Effects of La Grippe.

Mr. Victor Patneaude, 328 Madison St., Topeka, Kas., a well-known carpenter and member of Knights and Ladies of Security, writes:

"Twelve years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe and I never really recovered my health and strength—but grew weaker every year, until I was unable to work.

"Two years ago I began using Peruna and it built up my strength so that in a couple of months I was able to go to work again.

"This winter I had another attack of la grippe, but Peruna soon drove it out of my system.

"My wife and I consider Peruna a household remedy."

Pneumonia Followed La Grippe—Pe-ru-na, the Remedy That Brought Relief.

Mr. T. Barnecott, West Aylmer, Ontario, Can., writes:

"Last winter I was ill with pneumonia after having la grippe. I took Peruna for two months, when I became quite well, and I can say that any one can be cured by it in a reasonable time and at little expense.

"Every time I take a cold, I take some Peruna, which makes me well again.

"I also advised it for my daughter who was so ill with prostration that she could not follow her trade of dress making.

"A bottle of Peruna made such a change in her that she has been able to follow her trade ever since.

"I also induced a young lady, who was all rundown and confined to the house, to take Peruna, and after taking Peruna for three months she is able to follow her trade of tailoring.

"I can recommend Peruna for all such who are ill and require a tonic."

Systemic Catarrh, the Result of La Grippe. Pe-ru-na Receives Credit for Present Good Health.

Mrs. Jennie W. Gilmore, Box 44, White Oak, Ind. Ter., formerly Housekeeper for Indiana Reform School for Boys, writes:

"Six years ago I had la grippe, which was followed by systemic catarrh.

"The only thing I used was Peruna and Manalin, and I have been in better health the last three years than for years before.

"I give Peruna all the credit for my good health."

Pe-ru-na—A Tonic After La Grippe.

Mrs. Chas. E. Wells, Sr., Delaware, Ohio, writes:

"After a severe attack of la grippe, I took Peruna and found it a very good tonic."

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes: "I had a severe spell of la grippe which left me with systemic catarrh. A friend advised me to try Peruna. The third bottle completed the cure."

"Most Effective Medicine Ever Tried for La Grippe."

Robt. L. Madison, A. M., Principal of Cullowhee High School, Painter, N. C., is chairman of the Jackson County Board of Education. He has for nearly six years been teaching in Painter.

He is a writer of occasional verse and has contributed to a number of leading papers and magazines,—religious, educational and secular.

In speaking of Peruna, Mr. Madison says:

"I am hardly ever without Peruna in my home. It is the most effective medicine that I have ever tried for la grippe.

"It also cured my wife of nasal catarrh. Her condition at one time was such that she could not at night breathe through her nostrils.

"In consequence, an inflamed condition of the throat was brought about, getting worse and worse, and yielding to no remedy until Peruna was tried."

For special instructions, address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

For special directions everyone should read "THE ILLS OF LIFE," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with DR. HARTMAN and can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. S. B. HARTMAN, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

E. DEL MAR,
Alexandria, Egypt.

"AU DE ROUGE"

GENERAL DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

(CENTRAL TRAMWAY STATION,)

CAIRO.

P. PLUNKETT,

PROPRIETOR.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF BRITISH AND IRISH TEXTILE MANUFACTURES.

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Large assortment of plain and striped Flannelette, Oxfords, Num's veilings, Cashmeres, Meltons, and Woollen dress goods.

All Excellent Value.

Residents

Returning from Europe and who have not hitherto used

HOWIE'S BUTTER

should not fail to give it a trial, before making their winter arrangements.

Address:—Shubra Road, Cairo. 24-5-907

The Tosh Whisky

Established 1798.

MACKINTOSH & C.

INVERNESS.

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ERNEST THORON.

CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA.

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ALEXANDRIA.

Retailers.

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Sharia Madabegh, for introductions to Firms

17 02-11-1907

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FULL SOUTH, ELECTRIC LIGHT, OPPOSITE ESBEKIEH GARDENS, LARGE VERANDAH,

MODERATE CHARGES.

CHAS. BAUER, Proprietor.

This Hotel is beautifully fitted up and is in the most central part of Cairo. Terms for pension are at the rate of ten shilling a day. Specials terms for officers of Army of Occupation. 24833-31-10-906

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Halt No. 2.

Specially built in 1904 for a first class Hotel with every modern comfort. Magnificent Dining room, Saloons, Smoking room, large Verandahs and Garden. Electric light. MODERATE CHARGES. Ten minutes by carriage or Palais tram from Sidi Gaber.—Special terms for Government Officials and Officers of the Army of Occupation.

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GENERAL AGENCY in Egypt, Sudan, Red-Sea and Abyssinia for

J. and R. TENNENT'S Pilsener Beer and Stout XXX.
D. C. L. Scotch Whisky, "King George IV" Whisky and Gin.
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N.B.—Commercial Travellers paying regular visits to the Towns of the Interior.

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TEA MERCHANTS TO THE KING OF ENGLAND.

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CHRONIQUE JUDICIAIRE

COUR DE CASSATION

PEUT ON RECOURIR EN CASSATION CONTRE UN JUGEMENT DE PREMIER DEGRÉ DONT ON N'A PAS FAIT APPEL

Mrs. Mary Combs, sujette britannique, rentiere a Alexandrie, contre le Ministere Public.

Le 11 juin dernier la dame en question a été condamnée à 2 jours d'emprisonnement, à 100 P.T. d'amende et à la fermeture de son établissement, pour avoir tenu rue des Sœurs dans un quartier non affecté à la prostitution une maison de tolérance et continué à l'exploiter, malgré les significations et sommations qui lui ont été faites par les autorités, d'accord avec son Consulat.

Cependant, la décision rendue par le tribunal des contraventions ayant prononcé l'emprisonnement était susceptible d'appel; mais la dame Combs a laissé passer le délai réglementaire d'appel et le 27 juin s'est pourvue directement en cassation.

C'est à ce sujet que la Cour vient de rendre un arrêt très intéressant sur ce point de droit. Elle a décidé "qu'il est de principe que le recours en cassation n'est admissible que contre les décisions rendues en dernier ressort et non pas, comme en l'espèce, contre les décisions passées en l'état de chose jugée par l'expiration du délai d'appel."

Le jugement du 11 juin a donc été confirmé et la défaillante condamnée aux dépens.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demie.)

La baisse s'accentue sur toute la ligne, à cause, dit-on, des pertes subies ici par des spéculateurs en cotons qui vendent leurs titres pour couvrir leurs différences. Il y a eu également un peu de faiblesse occasionnée par les difficultés où se sont trouvés deux ou trois petits courtiers à l'occasion de la dernière liquidation.

De 9 3/4 l'Agricole fléchit à 9 11/16, la National Bank à 27 1/4 vendeurs, la Delta Light de 12 1/16 à 19, la Béhéra de 44 à 43 1/2, les Lots Turcs de 152 à 151, la Cassa di Sconto de 242 et 237 1/2 à 240 1/2 et 235 1/2, la Nile Land de 17 3/8 à 17, l'Urbaine de 6 19/32 à 6 9/16, le Comptoir de 7 1/16 et 6 13/16 à 7 et 6 3/4 et le Crédit Franco-Egyptien de 5 17/32 à 5 1/2 vendeurs.

Même mouvement sur les petites valeurs: les Markets réactionnent de 28 à 27, les Cotton Mills de 7/8 à 7/8, la Salt & Soda de 25 à 24/9 vendeurs, la Delta Land de 4 3/32 à 4 1/32, l'Investment de 1 5/16 à 1 9/32, le Trust de 1 13/32 à 1 3/8, et la Building Lands de 4 15/16 à 4 7/8.

Par contre, l'Alexandria Water reprend de 13 3/4 à 13 13/16, l'Obligation Crédit Foncier de 336 1/2 à 337 et le Cheikh Fadl de 110 à 112.

La tendance semble maintenant un peu meilleure.

Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, Novembre 6.

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres se maintient à 6%. Hier, au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais a réactionné à 86 1/2 L'Unifiée est restée invariée à 102 1/4. La National Bank a perdu 1/8 à 27 3/8. L'Agricole est demeurée inchangée à 9 7/8, de même que la Daïra à 17 3/8, et la Delta Light à 12 1/4.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier Egyptien et la Banque d'Athènes ont clôturé à leurs cours précédents, soit 782 et 148.

***

Influencé tout d'abord par la baisse du coton, ensuite par la tenue peu favorable des places dirigeantes, notre marché a accentué, ce matin, sa tendance à la réaction. Il y a toutefois lieu de constater qu'en général le recul n'a pas été aussi marquant qu'on était en droit de l'appréhender. En réalité, il s'est produit un simple tassement sur les valeurs qui avaient le plus bénéficié de la reprise de ces jours derniers.

La situation n'en reste pas moins malaisée, car il est évident, d'une part, que la persistance de la tension monétaire constitue encore une préoccupation dont il faut tenir compte, bien qu'une détente de ce côté puisse être espérée d'ici peu; d'autre part, certaines ventes semblent démontrer que le marché n'était pas ainsi délesté de positions encombrantes que l'avait donné à penser l'aisance relative avec laquelle s'est effectuée la liquidation.

Toujours est-il que cette dépression au début du mois n'est pas mal venue; elle est salutaire en ce sens qu'elle contribuera à alléger, à assainir la position de place et, de ce chef, à hâter le commencement de la campagne de hausse sous l'impulsion des achats nombreux que détermineraient certainement les bas cours qui pourraient être pratiqués sur les bons titres. A ce point de vue on peut même regretter que le mouvement n'ait pas été plus fort, plus rapide: ses bons effets auraient été plus vite ressentis. Ils ne tarderont pas, en tout cas, à se produire, car les circonstances qui ont amené la réaction sont d'ores et déjà fixées et escomptées. Le fait est que les plus pessimistes conviennent qu'il n'y a aucun péril en la demeure, voire même aucun nuage menaçant à l'horizon.

Dans le compartiment des Banques, la National a été particulièrement malmenée pour clôturer à 27 3/16-1/4. L'Agricole a faibli à 9 11/16 3/4 et le Comptoir Financier à 7 1/16. La Cassa di Sconto a réactionné à 242. La Banque d'Abyssinie a fléchi à 5 1/2.

Le Crédit Foncier a rétrogradé à 780 et la Daïra à 17 1/8. La Béhéra a molli à 43 3/4-44 L'Union Foncière s'est abordée à 6 13/32 pour remonter à 6 1/2.

La part de fondateur Immobilière a perdu 5 francs à 725 et la part Agricole du Nil 1/4 de livre à 9 1/2. L'action Enterprise and Development a été ramenée à 12 13/16-7/8. La Wardan Estate a avancé à 7 7/16-1/2; par contre, sa part de fondateur a été moins bien tenue à 8 15/16-9

L'action Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux a clôturé à 4 7/16 et la part de fondateur à 89-90. L'action Allotment s'est raffermie à 4; la part de fondateur a baissé jusqu'à 155 pour finir à 158. Les Improvements ont perdu 1/4 à 6 7/16 1/2.

La Delta Light a été échangée à 12-12 1/16. Les Jouissances Eaux du Caire ont fléchi à 270-271. Les Automobiles ont reculé à 5 7/8 et l'Anglo-American Nile à 5 7/8. Les actions Mezaleh ont rattrapé le pair; la part de fondateur a atteint 115. L'action Brasserie des Pyramides est revenue à 134 et la part de dividende à 72.

Dans le groupe des valeurs hôtelières, les Nungovich ont reculé à 18 1/8 7/16, les Egyptian à 7 1/2, les Upper Egypt à 5 3/8 et la part de fondateur National Hotel à 71.

Parmi les petites valeurs, la Delta Land s'est bien tenue à 4 4 1/16, de même que les Estates à 2 1/4; leur part de fondateur a faibli à 15 3/16-1/4. Les Markets sont revenus à 27/6, les New Egyptian à 83/, les Salt and Soda à 24/9, la Khedivial Mail à 39/6 et les Cotton Mills à 7/6. Les Hooker ont progressé à 1 1/8 3/16, les Constructions à 1 5/8 et les Sucreries à 30 francs.

***

Le mouvement de baisse qui s'est dessiné hier sur les actions de l'Anglo-American Line est attribué, à tort ou à raison, à une rumeur suivant laquelle la Société aurait une option pour l'achat de son terrain à Boulac.

C'est sur une information du même genre que les Cotton Mills, depuis si longtemps négligés, ont vu leur prix s'améliorer. On prétend, en effet, qu'une offre très avantageuse aurait été faite à la Société pour la vente du terrain disponible de son usine de Boulac.

***

A en croire des informations transmises d'Alexandrie, une Banque de reports au capital de £ 200,000, en actions de £ 1 chaque, serait appelée à être constituée en Egypte dans le cours de cet hiver. La nouvelle Société serait lancée sous les auspices de capitalistes anglais.

***

Les actionnaires de la Société Générale des Sucreries et Raffinerie d'Egypte sont convoqués en assemblée générale ordinaire et extraordinaire pour le 30 Novembre courant, au siège social au Caire.

A l'ordre du jour: 1° Ratification de la nomination de nouveaux administrateurs; nomination de censeurs; 2° Constatation de la réduction du capital social, puis de son augmentation par actions privilégiées, et constatation de la création d'obligations ordinaires et d'obligations hypothécaires; 3° Modifications aux Statuts; 4° Lecture du bilan et présentation des comptes arrêtés par le conseil provisoire actuel; 5° Quitus des anciens administrateurs.

AU NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL

EXPOSITION DE CHAPEAUX

Mademoiselle Odette qui est de passage à Alexandrie avec un très joli choix de chapeaux des principales maisons de Paris, telles que Reboux, Camille Roger, Esther Meyer, etc., fera à partir de demain à l'Hôtel Khédivial une exposition de chapeaux, qu'elle prie les aimables lectrices de "l'Egyptian Gazette" de vouloir bien visiter. Cette exposition durera seulement quelques jours, après lesquels Mademoiselle Odette se rendra au Caire.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

ARRIVALS.

November 6.

Niger, French s. Capt. Bourge, Marseilles, Messageries Maritimes.

Eleni, Ott. s. Capt. Vroulis, Smyrna and Alaya, Homsy.

Epitanissos, Greek s. Capt. Condouris, Braila and Cavak, Mazarakis.

Urano, Aust. s. Capt. Mandich, Constantinople and Port Said, Austrian Lloyd.

November 7.

Prince Abbas, Brit. s. Capt. Findlay, Mersina and Port Said, Khedivial Mail.

Arcadia, Aust. s. Capt. Stuck, Gravosa, Giurassevich.

Esperanza, Brit. s. Capt. Yeroyanni, Alexandretta, Asia Minor.

DEPARTURES

November 6.

Tchihatcheff, Rus. s. Capt. Heyman, Piræus and Odessa.

Bear, Brit. s. Capt. Harris, Cyprus.

Lefkosia, Greek s. Capt. Eliadis, Port Said and Cyprus.

City of Venice, Brit. s. Capt. Wilkie, Liverpool.

Anna Goich, Aust. s. Capt. Tomich, Gravosa, in ballast.

King John, Brit. s. Capt. Oliver, Nicolajeff, in ballast.

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Tuesday 6th November, 1906.

OUTWARDS.

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m (Cairo time)

FROM	MESSAGES HANDED IN AT: The Company's Offices	MESSAGES HANDED IN AT: Postal Telegraph Offices.
	H. M.	H. M.
London	25	47
Liverpool	23	—
Manchester	21	—
Glasgow	34	—
Other Provincial Offices	—	32

Cloture de la Bourse Khediviale

CONTRATS

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

	6h. p.m.
Coton F.G.F.Br.	
Novembre 1907 ... Tal. 16 1/2	à — 17/32
Novembre ... ... „ 17 1/4	„ — 9/32
Janvier ... ... „ 17 3/8	„ — 13/32
Mars ... ... „ 17 23/32	„ — 3/4
Mai ... ... „ 18 3/32	„ — 1/8
Juillet ... ... „ 18 3/8	„ — 13/32
Graines de coton	
Novembre-Decembre-Jan. P.T. 69 30/40	à —
Février-Mars ... ... „ 71 5/40	„ —
Avril ... ... „ 72 5/40	„ —
Fèves Saidi	
Novembre-Décembre-Jan. P.T. 116 —	à 118 —

REMARQUES

Coton.—Recolte actuelle.—La petite speculation continue a soutenir les prix, mais avec la baisse de l'Americain, la position devient de nouveau dangereuse.

Dans la matinee prix plus haut pour Novembre tallaris 17 5/16 à —/— ; plus bas pour novembre 17 1/8 à —/— Dans l'après-midi prix plus haut pour novembre 17 5/16 à —/— ; plus bas pour novembre 17 1/4 à —/—.

N.B.—Reports—Se retrecissant.

Au moment de la clôture, les nouvelles étaient les suivantes:

Liverpool, coton égyptien disponible: 9 10/16. Futurs novembre: 9 9/64.

Liverpool: coton américain: Futurs janv.-fev.: 5.28. Futurs mai-juin: 5.39.

New-York: coton américain: Futurs: jan.: marche „ „ „ mai: fermé

Graines de coton.—Récolte actuelle.—Tres peu d'affaires dans l'apres-midi, mais cours soutenus.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour 3 mois P.T. 69 —/— à —/— ; plus bas pour 3 mois 68 20/40 à —/—. Dans l'après-midi, prix plus haut pour 3 mois 69 30/40 à —/— ; plus bas pour 3 mois 69 20/40 à —/—.

N.B.—Reports—Sans changement

Alexandrie, le 6 novembre 1906.

COTONS

copie de la dépêche

DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION

à la

LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués hier soir à 5h. p.m. à la Bourse Khédiviale.)

Tal. 17 9/32 Livraison Novembre
„ 17 11/32 „ Janvier
„ 17 23/32 „ Mars
„ 18 3/32 „ Mai
Marché ferme

(Cours clôture d'hier soir à 6h. p.m. affichés par l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises à la Bourse Khédiviale).

Tal. 17 1/4 Livraison Novembre
„ 17 3/8 „ Janvier
„ 17 23/32 „ Mars
„ 18 3/32 „ Mai
Marché quiet

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khediviale à 9h.45 a.m.)

Tal. 17 3/16 Livraison Novembre
„ 17 5/16 „ Janvier
„ 17 5/8 „ Mars
„ 18 — „ Mai
Marché quiet
Arrivages de ce jour, à Minet-el-Bassal, can. 46.824

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khéd. à 12h.45 p.m.

Tal. 17 1/8 Livraison Novembre
„ 17 1/4 „ Janvier
„ 17 5/8 „ Mars
„ 18 — „ Mai
Marche steady

MARCHE DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

7 novembre 1906.—(11h.55 a.m.)

Cotons.—Clôture du marche du 6 novembre: Baissant.

BEURRES

Fair. Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good: ¼ de baisse

HAUTE-EGYPTE ET FAYOUM

Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good: ¼ de baissé

ABASSI

Fully Good Fair, Good et Extra: Sans changement

JOANNOVICH

Fully Good Fair, Good et Extra: Sans changement

Etat du marche de ce jour, cotons: Baissant.

Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par can. 66046 contre même jour l'année précédente can. 44311.

Graines de coton.—En hausse

	Disponible	Ticket
Mit-Afifi—68		Rien
Haute-Egypte.—67		Rien
Blés.—Fermes		
Qualité Saïdi.—Cond. Saha	P.T. 115 à 125	
„ *Béhéra*: „ „ „	110 „ 125	
Fèves.—Sans affaires		
Saïdi: Disponible.—		
Fayoum: Disponible.—		
Qualité Saïdi. Cond. Saha	P.T. 115 à 120	
„ *Béhéra* „ „ „	— „ —	
Lentilles.—Soutenues		
Disponible: Rien		
Cond. Saha	P.T. 130 à 135	
Orges.—Calme		
Cond. Saha	P.T. 65 à 68	
Maïs.—Sans changement		
Disponible: Rien.		
„ Cond. Saha	P.T. 80 à 85	

Exportation du 6 nov.		dep. le 2 nov.
Coton	Bal. 3386	Bal. 11546
Gr. de cot.	Ard. 1164	Ard. 61956
Fèves	„ —	„ —

Exportations probables de la semaine

	1906	1905
Coton	Bal. 35,000	29,500
Graines de coton	Ard. 110,000	67,000
Fèves	„ —	„ —

DOMAINES DE L'ETAT

(Agence d'Alexandrie)

Arrivages

Coton.—Balles 248—cantars 1620—provenance Sakha

AVIS

Le jeudi 8 novembre 1906, à 11h.30 a.m. aura lieu une enchère de coton, à l'agence d'Alexandrie, des Domaines de l'Etat, savoir: lots 20 soit balles 1074—cantars 7065 des suivantes prov.: Santa, Doqmera, Mecir, Sakha, Bechbiche et Rowineh.

Les prix suivants ont été pratiqués ce jour:

COTON

G.M.B.

(BASSE-EGYPTE)

Province Béhéra

Damanhour ... ... De P.T. 335 à 347½

Province Garbieh

Kafr-Zayat ... ... De P.T. 355 à 365
Tantah ... ... „ „ 350 355

Province Menoufieh

Menouf ... ... De P.T. 350 à 357½

(MOYENNE-EGYPTE)

Province Fayoum

Fayoum ... ... De P.T. 307½ à 315

(HAUTE-EGYPTE)

Beni Souef ... ... De P.T. 315 à 322½
Bibeh ... ... „ „ — „ —
Minieh ... ... „ „ — „ —

SECTION DES GRAINES ET CEREALES

PRIX FRANCO-STATION:	DISPONIBLE	TICKET
Graines de coton Afifi	P.T. 68 —	à P.T. —
„ Fayoumi.	„ 67 —	„ „ —
Blé Saïdi	„ — —	„ „ —
Fèves Saïdi	„ — —	„ „ —
Fayoumi	„ — —	„ „ —

ARRIVAGES

du mercredi 7 novembre 1906

Documents de l'"Alexandria General Produce Assoc."

	CHEMINS DE FER	BARQUES
Cotons	S/B	—
Graines de coton	sacs	—
Blés Saïdi	„	—
„ Béhéra	„	—
Fèves Saïdi	„	—
„ Béhéra	„	—
Orge	„	—
Maïs	„	—
Lentilles	„	—

Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars —.—

Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour Ard. —.—

Contre même jour en 1905:

	BARQUES ET CHEMINS DE FER	
Coton	S/B	5453
Graines de coton	sacs	27991
Blés Saïdi	„	28
„ Béhéra	„	302
Fèves Saïdi	„	80
„ Béhéra	„	—
Orge	„	—
Maïs	„	—
Lentilles	„	—

Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars —.—

Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, ardebs —.—

CONTRATS, (11 h. 55 a.m.)

Cours de la Bourse de Minet-el-Bassal

Coton F.G.F.Br.

Novembre 1907	Tal. 16 3/8	à —
Novembre	„ 17 1/8	„ —
Janvier	„ 17 1/4	„ —
Mars	„ 17 9/16	„ —
Mai	„ 17 15/16	„ —
Juillet	„ 18 5/16	„ —
Graines de coton		
Nov.-Décembre-Janvier..	P.T. 69 15/40	à —
Février-Mars	„ 71 —	„ —
Fèves-Saïdi		
Nov.-Décembre-Janvier..	P.T. 116 —	„ 118

REMARQUES:

Coton.—Récolte actuelle.—La faiblesse predomine et le marche est peu actif.

Graines de coton.—Récolte actuelle.—Soutenues, mais affaires moderees.

Fèves-Saïdi.—Récolte actuelle.—Marché nul.

EXTERIEUR

Dépêches particulières du 6 novembre 1906

PRODUITS EGYPTIENS

LIVERPOOL

Coton.—Etat du Marché.—Soutenu

Disponible.—9 10/16

Futurs.—Novembre: 9 6/64 (3/64 de baisse)

LIVERPOOL

Graines de coton.—Sans changement

Fèves.—Neant

HULL

Graines de coton.—Fermes

Fèves.—Marche nul

LONDRES

Graines de coton.—Soutenues

COTON AMERICAIN

LIVERPOOL

Futurs jan.-fév.: 5.25 (11 points de baisse)
„ mai-juin: 5.37 (9 points de baisse)
Disponible: 5.55 (5 points de baisse)

NEW-YORK

Marche ferme.

To-day's Exchange Quotations

	Banks' buying	Banks' selling*
London cheque	96 11/32	97 3/32
„ 3m. bank paper	95 7/32	95 1/4
„ 3m. house paper	95 7/32	— —
Paris cheque	384 1/2	385 1/4
„ 3m. bank paper	381 1/2	382 1/4
„ 3m. house paper	381 —	— —
Switzerland cheque	384 1/4	385 1/2
„ 3m. bank paper	379 1/2	— —
Germany cheque	472 1/4	474 1/2
„ 3m. bank paper	466 1/2	— —
Italian cheque	385 —	386 1/2
Vienna & Trieste cheque	402 1/4	404 1/4
Constantinople cheque...	88 1/2	88 3/4

*Less one per mille brokerage.

DELTA LIGHT RAILWAYS, LTD.

TRAFFIC RETURNS

(Delta and Helouan Lines Combined)

	Week ended October 27 1906.	Same period 1905.	Increase.	*Decrease
Kilometres open	925	895	30	—
	L.E.	L.E.	L.E.	L.E.
Coaching	2384	2418	—	34
Goods and Sundries	2972	2603	369	—
Total	5356	5021	335	—
Receipts per kilometre open	5 790m.	5.611m.	—	—
Total from 1st April 1906	126331	113113	13218	—

(*Week ended 28th October, 1906.)

STOCKS AND SHARES

ALEXANDRIA BOURSE

ISSUED BY THE "ASSOCIATION DES COURTIERS ET VALEURS D'ALEXANDRIE."

Clôture d'aujourd'hui à 12h.30 p.m.

Agric. Bank of Egypt ...	Lst.	9 11/16 @	—	11/16
National Bank of Egypt ...	„	27 1/4 „	—	V.
Ramleh Railway	„	7 1/8 „	—	—
Egyptian Delta Railways ...	„	12 — „	—	1/8
Tramways d'Alexandrie ...	Fcs.	187 1/2 „	—	—
„ „ Div....	„	334 — „	—	—
Alexandria Water	Lst.	13 13/16 „	—	—
Eaux du Caire	Fcs.	— — „	—	—
„ „ Jouissance	„	— — „	—	—
Daira Sanieh	Lst.	17 1/4 „	—	—
Béhéra	L.E.	43 1/2 „	—	—
Bourse Khédiviale	Lst.	— — „	—	—
Egyptian Markets	„	27/ — „	—	—
Anglo-Egyptian Spinning ...	„	— 7/8 „	—	—
Bière d'Alexandrie Privilégiées	Fcs.	215 — „	—	—
„ „ Dividendes	„	124 — „	—	—
Bière du Caire Privilégiées ...	„	136 — „	—	—
„ „ Dividendes ...	„	77 — „	—	—
Egyptian Cotton Mills	Lst.	7/3 — „	—	—
Egyptian Salt & Soda	„	24/9 — „	—	V.
Pressage	„	— — „	—	—
Presses Libres...	„	— — „	—	—
Oblig. Crédit Foncier Egyptien 3% 1886..	Fcs.	337 — „	—	—
Oblig. Crédit Foncier Egyptien 3% 1903..	„	271 — „	—	—
Lots Turcs	„	151 — „	—	—
Banque Nationale de Grèce ...	„	— — „	—	—
Cassa di Sconto	„	240 1/2 „	—	—
„ „ Nouvelle ...	„	235 1/2 „	—	—
Anglo-American Nile	Lst.	5 13/16 „	6	—
Banque d'Athènes	Fcs.	147 — „	—	—
Deferred Delta	Lst.	12 1/4 „	—	—
Nungovich Hotels	„	18 7/8 „	—	—
Delta Land	„	4 1/8 „	—	—
Nile Land...	„	17 — „	—	1/2
Sucr. et Raffinerie d'Egypte...	Fcs.	29 — „	—	—
Khedivial Mail Preference ...	Lst.	4 11/16 „	—	—
„ „ Ordinary „	39/	V. „	—	—
Egypt. Invest. & Agency Ltd	„	1 1/8 „	—	—
Land Bank	„	8 11/16 „	9	—
Land Investment	„	— — „	—	—
Trust...	„	1 1/8 „	—	11/16
Estates	„	2 1/4 „	—	—
Splendid Hotels	„	4 1/8 „	—	1/8
Cheik Fadl	Fcs.	112 — „	—	—
Entreprises Urbaines	Lst.	6 1/8 „	—	11/16
Comptoir Financier	„	7 — „	6 1/4	V.
parts de fondateurs	„	53 — „	—	V.
Building Lands	„	4 7/8 „	—	11/16
Delta and Upper Egypt... ...	„	— — „	—	—
Union Foncière d'Egypte ...	„	6 7/8 „	—	—
Bank of Abyssinia...	„	— — „	—	—
Société Electrique de la Basse-Egypte...	„	— — „	—	—
Banco di Roma	Fcs.	113 — „	—	—
Crédit Franco-Egyptien... ...	Lst.	5 1/2 „	—	V.
Banque d'Orient	Fcs.	133 — „	—	1/2

BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 6 Novembre 1906.

Banques

		Actions	Obligations	Jouissances Fondateurs
Agricultural Bank of Egypt	£	9 11/16		940
Banque d'Athènes	Fcs.	146-147		
National Bank of Egypt	£	27 1/4		
Cassa di Sconto	Frs.	242 —		
„ Nouv. Emis.	Frs.	235 —		
Land Bank	£	9-9 1/8		75
Comptoir Financ. & Comm.	£	7 1/8		52-53
„ Nouv. Emis.	£	6 11/16		
Banque d'Abyssinie	£	5 1/2		
Banque d'Orient	Frs.	133 —		

Chemins de Fer

Alex. & Ramleh Railway	£	7 1/8	
„ oblig. 5 o/o	£	102 —	
Delta Light Railway	£	12-12 1/8	
Lots Turcs obligations	Frs.	149 —	

Societes des Eaux

Alexandria Water Company	£	13 1/4	
Eaux du Caire part capital	Frs.	122 —	270-71
Eaux de Tantah	£	8 1/4 n.	

Societes Foncieres

Daira Sanieh Nouvelle	£	17 1/8	100
Crédit Foncier Egyptien	Frs.	780 —	970
Crédit Fon. ob. 3 o/o & Lots	Frs.	336 —	
Cr. Foncier ob. Nouv. Emis.	Frs.	272 —	
Cr. Foncier ob. 3½ o/o	Frs.	500 —	
Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 o/o	Frs.	960 —	1205
Société Agricole & Ind. 4 o/o	Frs.	515 —	
Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte	Frs.	555 —	1250
Société Anonyme du Behera	L.E.	43 1/4-44	
Ste An. du Behera obligat.	L.E.	5 —	
Societe Fonciere d'Egypte	L.E.	31 —	
Delta Land Company	£	4-4 1/8	
Wardan Estate	£	7 1/8-1/4	8 11/16
Nile Land	£	17 1/8-1/2	80 n.
Egyptian Estates Limited	£	2 1/4	15 1/8
Union Fonciere	£	6 1/2	23
Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment	L.E.	4 — P.T.	158
Gharbieh Land	L.E.	3 1/8 L.E.	2 1/2

Societes Immobilieres

Cie. Immobilière d'Egypte	Frs.	384 —	725
Agricole du Nil	Frs.	276 —	9 1/2
Improvements Corporation	£	6 1/8	
Enterprise and Development	L.E.	12 11/16	22
Urbaines et Rurales	£	6 1/8	15
Entreprises Im. et Travaux	L.E.	4 1/8 P.T.	89-90

Societes Industrielles

Anglo-Eg. Spinning	£	0 7/8	2 1/2
Crown Brewery d'Alex.	Frs.	227-228	130
Crown Brewery du Caire	Frs.	134 —	72
Egyptian Cotton Mills	£7/6-7/9		
Egyptian Salt and Soda	£	24/9 —	
Ste des Ciments d'Egypte	Frs.	75 —	18
Sucreries et Raffinerie	Frs.	30 —	
Ibrahimieh Ploughing Co.	£	— —	
Port Said Salt Association	£	16/6 —	
Nile Cold Storage	£	0 1/8	
Egyptian Markets	£	27/6 —	

Navigation a Vapeur

Anglo-American Nile	£	5 7/8	
Khedivial Mail S.S.	£	4 1/8	39/6
Menzaleh Canal & Nav. Co.	L.E.	3 11/16 P.T.	115
Express Nile Steamers Co.	L.E.	4 1/8 P.T.	100

Hotels

Nungovich Hotels	£	18 1/4-1/8	
Nungovich Hotels Nouv.	£	18 1/4-1/8	
Egyptian Hotels	£	7 1/8	
National Hotels	L.E.	4-4 1/8 P.T.	71
Upper Egypt Hotels	L.E.	5 1/8	
Splendid Hotels	L.E.	4 1/8	
Excelsior Hotels	L.E.	4 1/8	1 1/4

Tramways

Tramways d'Alexandrie	Frs.	189 —	338-39
Tramways du Caire	Frs.	629 —	1025

Valeurs diverses

Bourse Khédiviale du Caire	£	154 —	
Egyptian Investment	£	1 1/8	
Societe Egyp. d'Irrigation	£	16 —	
Corporation of W. Egypt	£	1 1/8-1/4	
New Egyptian Company	£	33/ —	
Land & General Trust	£	1 1/8-1/8	
Egypt. Trust & Investment	£	1 1/8-1/8	
Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte	L.E.	4 11/16	
Walker & Meimarachi	£	0 11/16	
Automobiles du Caire	£	5 3/8	10
Egyptian Constructions	£	1 1/8	

REUTERS' TELEGRAMS.

CLOSING REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, November 6, 12.55 p.m.

Sales of the day ... ... bales 10,000
Of which Egyptian ... ... „ 300
American new maize, Spot per cental ... 4/4 ¼
American futures (December-January) ... 5.30
„ „ (April-May) ... 5.41
American middling 5.65
Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (November) 9 6/64
„ „ „ (January) 8 53/64
„ „ „ (March) 8 53/64
„ „ „ (May) 8 53/64
Egyptian Brown fair (per lb. d.) 8 6/16
„ good fair 8 14/16
„ good 10 3/16
„ fully good fair 9 10/16
Egyptian saidi beans (new per 480 lbs) —/—

LONDON, November 6.

Consols (December). ... ... 86 ½
Egyptian Unified ... ... 102 ¼
Private Discount, 3m. Bank bills... ... ... 6 o/o

LIVERPOOL, November 6.

American futures (December-January) 5.23
Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (November) 9 4/64
„ „ „ „ (January) 8 51/64
„ „ „ „ (March) 8 51/64
„ „ „ „ (May) 8 51/64

LONDON, November 6.

Bar Silver (per oz d). 32 12/16
Private discount (3 month bills)... ... ... 6 o/o
Consols (December)... ... ... 86 ½
Egyptian Unified ... ... 102 ¼
Turkish Unified ... ... 92 ½
Rio Tinto ... ... 74 —
New Dairs... ... ... 17 ¼
Agricultural Bank ... ... 9 ¾
National Bank of Egypt... ... ... 27 ¼
Rand Mines New ... ... 6 —
Chartereds of S. Africa 1 18/32
Nile Valley Gold Mine ... ... New — 9/32
New Egyptians 1 20/32
The Western Oasis Corporation 8/32 premium
Delta Light (Bearer Shares) ... ... 12 ½
Egyptian Railway ... ... 98 ½
„ Domain ... ... 103 —
Ottoman Defence ... ... 100 —
Italian Rents 4 o/o ... ... 102 —
Greek Monopoly ... ... 52 ¼
Greek Rent 4 o/o ... ... 40 —
Ottoman Bank... ... ... 16 ¾
Egyptian cot. seed to Hull (November) 6 13/16 sellers
Jerman Beet Sugar (November) ... ... 8/8 ½

PARIS, November 6.

Banque d'Athènes ... ... — —
Crédit Foncier Egyptien ... ... 783 —
Crédit Lyonnais ... ... 1183 —
Comptoir National d'Escompte ... ... 672 —
Land Bank of Egypt... ... ... 228 —
Ottoman Bank ... ... 674 —
Lots Turcs ... ... 151 —
Cheque on London ... ... 25.24 ½
Sugar White No. 3 (October)... ... ... 27 ½
Banque de Salonique ... ... 176 —

Telegramme Havas

BOURSE du 6 novembre 1906

COURS DES VALEURS A TERME, CLOTURE

PARIS

Rente Francaise 3 o/o ... ...

Calendar of Coming Events

ALEXANDRIA.

November.

Wed. 7 — Alhambra Theatre. Italian Dramatic Company. 9.30.
Tour Eiffel Music Hall. Every evening. 9 30.

Fri. 9 — King's Birthday. Official Reception at the British Consulate. 9.30 to 11 a.m. Mrs. Gould "At Home" 3.30 to 6.30.
A. S. C grounds. King's Birthday Parade. 12 noon.

Sat. 10 — Mustapha Range. B. R. C. Practice. 2.30.

CAIRO.

November.

Wed. 7 — Ezbekieh Theatre. French comedy company. 9.
Abbas Theatre. French comedy company. 9.
Théâtre des Nouveautés. 9.30.
Alcazar Parisien. 9.30.
Champs Elysées. Cinematograph Entertainment.

Fri. 9 — Abdeen Square. King's Birthday Parade. 9 20 a.m.
Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boys' Band. Afternoon.

Wed 14 — Russell Soldiers' Home. All Saints' Jumble Sale. 3—5.

Mon. 26 — Khedivial Opera House. Italian Opera Company in *William Tell*. 9.30.

Fri. 10 — Ghezireh. K.S.C. Skye Meeting.

Sun. 11 — Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boys' Band. Afternoon.

Municipalite d'Alexandrie

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication la fourniture de ciment nécessaire à ses Services pendant l'année 1907.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L.E. 30 (trente).

Le cahier des charges est déposé au Bureau de la Voirie où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité, avant le 4 Décembre 1906.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention "Soumission pour fourniture de ciment."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale, avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 4 Décembre à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur
(Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.

Alexandrie, le 5 Novembre 1906. 28802 3-1

Societe Internationale des Employes D'ALEXANDRIE.

SIÈGE SOCIAL RUE SIDI EL METWALLI NO. 30 ET RUE HAMMAM EL ZAHAR NO 1 AU 1ER ETAGE

BUREAU DE PLACEMENT

Deux employés bons comptables disposant de quelques heures par jour demandent tenir livres de commerce. Bonnes références.

Professeur français diplômé, cherche leçons à domicile.

Un professeur d'arabe et de comptabilité d'undes plus grands établissements d'instruction de la ville désire donner des leçons particulières.

Un jeune homme de 30 ans demande place de caissier.

Une dame connaissant la machine à écrire et la comptabilité désire un emploi.

Comptable expérimenté dans diverses Administrations de Banque, d'entreprise et de commerce, possédant de bons certificats et parlant diverses langues demande un emploi.

Il est disposé à donner des leçons, mettre en ordre les livres et les tenir provisoirement.

N.B.— Pour tous renseignements s'adresser au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Mosquée Attarine No. 21.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert tous les jours, excepté les dimanches et jours de fête, de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

"Les personnes qui adressent des demandes à la Société, sont priées de joindre un timbre pour la réponse."

9-4-907

CALLARD & BOWSER'S

BUTTER-SCOTCH

(The Celebrated Sweet for Children).

"Really wholesome Confectionery."—Lancet.

The popular English Sweetmeat can be obtained at:
Mr. GARONIS, ANGLO-AMERICAN STORES, Port-Said.
" DEMETRIADES, "
Messrs. TANURDJI BONNICI & Co., "
The PATISSERIE DE LA BOURSE, Rue Cherif Pasha Alexandria.

Manufactory: London, England.

Egyptian Delta Light Railways Ltd.

NOTICE.

On and after the 5th instant train N° 46 leaving Cairo at 11.30 p.m will stop at St. George's Station. 28795-3 2

Egyptian Constructions, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the final Call of 5/- (five shillings) per share upon the shares of the above Company, making same fully paid, must be paid on or before the 15th day of December next, 1906, at the Anglo-Egyptian Bank Cairo or Alexandria.

Share Warrants to Bearer for fully paid shares can be obtained at the Cairo Office of the Company upon application in writing.

By order of the Board,
A. P. PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Maison Spiro, Charh Kasr el Nil, Cairo.
Cairo, 5th November, 1906 28806 3-1

Hamburg and Anglo-American Nile Co.

This Company is opening the season with the departure of the tourist steamer Mayflower on November 23rd for which some passengers have already been booked. The departure will take place on December 7th by the Puritan; for these two departures the Company has established a Special Reduced Rate of £25 for the round journey for Residents, Officers of the Egyptian Army and Army of Occupation. 28807-1

Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien

AVIS

L'Administration des Chemins de Fer et des Télégraphes de l'Etat a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du Public que le bureau télégraphique de Bir Chams sera ouvert, à partir du 10 Novembre courant, pour l'échange des télégrammes en langues européennes.

Le Caire, le 5 Novembre 1906. 28794 2-2

Supplement Commercial et Financier, DE "L'EGYPTIAN GAZETTE"

Le Supplément Commercial et Financier de l'"Egyptian Gazette" paraît chaque Samedi à midi, de façon à pouvoir être expédié par le paquebot autrichien. Il contient des revues complètes et impartiales du coton, des graines de coton, et du marché des valeurs; les dernières statistiques jusqu'à la veille de sa publication: des tableaux des fluctuations de la place et les copies des dépêches officielles envoyées à la Liverpool Cotton Association, etc etc.

L'abonnement pour une année en Egypte coûte 1 L.E. y compris les frais de poste; pour l'étranger 10 P.T. de port en sus.

AVIS

Il est porté à la connaissance du public que la Société Egyptienne Tewfikieh et le Sieur Andraous Bichara mettent aux enchères publiques la location de leur Grand Hôtel sis à Louxor pour la saison d'hiver 1906 07 commençant le 1er décembre 1906.

Les personnes qui sont désireuses de louer le dit hôtel sont priées d'adresser leurs offres:

1) aux liquidateurs de la Société Egyptienne Tewfikieh en la personne de: 1. Kamel Bey Teymour, 2. Ahmed Bey Khoulousi.

2.) à Mr. Andraous Bichara.

Les demandes doivent être adressées jusqu'au 20 courant au Bureau de Ahmed bey Khoulousi, sis Rond-Point Soliman Pacha, Immeuble Ayrout.

Le Caire, le 1er Novembre 1906. 28790-5 3

CHARLES EVANS.

Passenger, Shipping,
Custom House and Forwarding Agent
Royal Chambers, PORT SAID.

Strict personal attention guaranteed.
Correspondents every where. 27043-31-12-90
AGENT FOR "THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Notice.

SUDAN GOVERNMENT.

DISPOSAL OF BUILDING SITES AT PORT SUDAN.

The Sudan Government will shortly dispose by Tender of about 400 Building Sites at Port Sudan.

The sites will be Leasehold held at Annual Rents on Building Lease for Eighty Years from 1st January, 1907. Rents will be payable only from date of acceptance of Tender.

The Lease will be Perpetually Renewable at Revised Rents fixed in default of Agreement by Arbitration at the end of each term of years.

In fixing the revised rents the value of Buildings erected by Lessees will Not be regarded as a ground for Increase of Rent.

Example: If a plot is leased for a term of 80 years from 1st January 1907 then on the expiration of that term the Lessee will have a right (subject to observance of his convenant etc) to obtain a fresh lease for a further period of 80 years at a revised rent, and so on in perpetuity. The revised rent will be calculated on the value the site would bear if it were vacant building lands.

Offers are invited of Premiums for the Purchase of the above mentioned leasehold sites.

All offers must be made by Tender, on the forms issued by the Sudan Government, and must be received at Khartoum not later than 1st January 1907.

Particulars of the sites offered, Plan of the Town, Conditions of Tender and Sale, Form of Tender, specimen Form of Lease, etc., will on and after October 1st 1906 be open to inspection at the following places during the usual business hours:

Khartoum: *Office of Director of Agriculture and Lands (T) and Office of Governor of Khartoum Province.
Cairo: *Office of Sudan Agent (T).
Port Sudan: Office of Inspector (Government Office) (T).
Suakin: Office of Governor of Red Sea Province.
El Damer: Office of Governor of Berber Province.
Atbara: Office of Director of Railways.
Alexandria: Office of Mr. Macpherson Grant.
Port Said: Office of Dixon Bey, War Office Representative.
London: *Office of Col. Western, Broadway Chambers, Westminster, and the Sudan Court, Imperial Institute.
Suez: Office of Capt. Falconer, War Office Representative.

For the convenience of intending purchasers the Conditions of Tender and Sale have been translated into Arabic and French and copies of the translations into either language will be obtainable after 1st October 1906 on payment of 5 P.T. per copy at the Offices in the above list which are distinguished by a capital T.

Further information will be obtainable after the publication of the above-mentioned documents on application in writing to The Director of Agriculture and Lands, Khartoum.

* Copies of the Documents will be obtainable after 1st October 1906 on payment of 5 P.T. or 1 Shilling per copy at the Offices marked with an asterisk.

Sudan Government.

NOTICE.

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in presence of an official or other reliable witness. 28283A-30-10-90 7

SUDAN GOVERNMENT.

Tenders will be received at the Office of the Financial Secretary to the Sudan Government, War Office, Cairo, up to 12 noon on the 10th day of November, 1906, for the supply of:

50,000 (fifty thousand) Maria Theresa Dollars to be delivered at Suakin.

Persons wishing to tender for this adjudication can consult the specifications at the above Office any day from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., except Fridays and general holidays. 28767-6A 3

GOUVERNEMENT DU SOUDAN.

Concessions de Terrains a Batir a Port-Soudan

Le Gouvernement du Soudan va prochainement disposer, par voie d'adjudication d'environ 400 parcelles de terrains à batir à Port-Soudan.

Les dites parcelles seront données à bail emphytéotique, pour une durée de 80 années à partir du 1er Janvier 1907, moyennant loyer annuel, à charge pour le locataire de bâtir. Le loyer ne sera payable qu'à partir de la date de l'acceptation de l'offre.

Les baux seront renouvelables à perpétuité moyennant un loyer variable fixé à la fin de chaque terme, soit d'accord, soit par arbitrage.

En fixant le nouveau loyer, la valeur des bâtiments élevés par le locataire ne sera pas considérée comme un motif d'augmentation de loyer.

EXEMPLE: Si une parcelle de terrain est louée pour une durée de 80 années à partir du 1er Janvier 1907. Dans ce cas, à l'expiration de ce délai, le locataire aura un droit (à condition d'observer les conditions du bail) d'obtenir un nouveau bail pour une nouvelle période de 80 années, moyennant un loyer modifié, et ainsi à perpétuité.

Le loyer modifié sera calculé sur la valeur du terrain, s'il était libre de construction.

Des offres sont demandées pour les baux emphytéotiques dont s'agit; ces offres devront mentionner la prime que le soumissionaire est disposé à payer au comptant en sus des loyers annuels établis pour chacun des lots. La dite prime devra être payée en un seul versement à la signature du contrat de bail.

Toutes offres doivent être faites par soumission, sur les formules dressées par le Gouvernement du Soudan, et doivent être reçues à Khartoum avant le 1er Janvier 1907.

Le détail des terrains offerts, le plan de la ville, les conditions de l'adjudication et de la concession, la formule de soumission, spécification du bail, seront à la disposition du Public à partir du 1er Octobre 1906, aux lieux ci-après indiqués, durant les heures de bureau.

Khartoum*—Bureau du Directeur de l'Agriculture et des Terrains (T) et bureau du Gouverneur de la Province de Khartoum.

Le Caire* Bureau de l'agent du Gouvernement du Soudan (T).

Port-Soudan*—Bureau de l'Inspecteur (Bureau du Gouvernement (T).

Souakim—Bureau du Gouverneur de la Province et de la Mer Rouge.

Wadi-Halfa—Bureau du Gouverneur de la Province de Halfa.

El-Damer—Bureau du Gouverneur de la Province de Berber.

Atbara—Bureau du Directeur du Chemin de Fer.

Alexandrie—Bureau de Mr. Macpherson Grant.

Port-Said—Bureau de F. Dixon bey, Représentant du Ministère de la Guerre.

Londres—Bureau du Colonel Western, Broadway Chambers, Westminster et le Soudan Court, Imperial Institute.

Suez—Bureau du Capitaine Falconer, Représentant du Ministère de la Guerre.

Pour la commodité des acheteurs éventuels les conditions d'adjudication et de concession ont été traduites en arabe et en français et des copies de ces traductions, dans les deux langues, peuvent être obtenues à partir du 1er Octobre 1906, moyennant payement de P.T. 5 par copie, aux bureaux mentionnés dans la liste ci-dessus, qui sont suivis d'une lettre majuscule T.

Des informations supplémentaires peuvent être obtenues après publications des documents ci-dessus mentionnés, moyennant demande écrite adressée au Directeur de l'Agriculture et des Terrains, à Khartoum.

* Aux bureaux marqués d'une astérisque, copies des documents pourront être obtenues à partir du 12 Octobre 1906, moyennant payement de P.T. 5 ou un shelling par copie. 28497-2*-1

AVIS

Pour toute la saison d'hiver, à partir du 15 Novembre 1906, en vente chez Monsieur Henri Beltran 14, Rue Sésostris:

Chapons de Styrie de toute beauté à P.T. 45 la pièce
Faisans Mâles de Styrie " " " 45 "
Perdreaux Mâles de Styrie " " " 14 "
Lièvres . . . de Styrie " " " 30 "

L'arrivée de cette marchandise aura lieu chaque Lundi par le bateau autrichien. 28752 6-6

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Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates:—

	ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words . . .	P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words . . .	" 8	" 16	" 24
Every 10 words, beyond 30.	" 2	" 4	" 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, for advertisements not appearing consecutively.

All such advertisements must be prepaid and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to a vertisements will be posted to any address if a few stamps are sent by the advertiser to cover postage.

AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIES AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.— A useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt. Circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. *AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE* sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

ASSOUAN.—Mr. G. Mitchell, Estate Agent, has several plots of land suitable for building in this rising district. Apply as above. 28744-30-9

BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITERS.—London Prices. Address to the Agent, Post Office Box No. 35, Alexandria. 31-12-906

BORMAN & CO. beg to call attention to their new Cutter, Mr. Denman, from Ellis and John's, London, who is prepared to undertake all descriptions of Ladies and Gentlemen's Tailoring. Best cloth and finish. 28797-6-2

BORMAN & CO.—The Alexandria Lending Library. Apply for catalogue and terms to above. 1,300 books. 2-793-6 2

EXPERT English shorthand typist with knowledge of French seeks position in Cairo; excellent references; state terms. Address, S., c/o No. 28776 "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 28776 7-4

ENERGETIC young Englishman, presently engaged by first-class English firm; good knowledge of accounts; quick typist; thorough knowledge of French; fluent Arabic, offers his services. Excellent references. Would go to the villages or out of the country. No. 1883, "Egyptian Gazette." 28779 6-4

FOREIGN GENTLEMAN of position desires to enter English family of good social position as paying guest. Address, F. M., "Gazette" office, Cairo. 28771-6 5

GOOD BARGAIN.—2 Second-hand Motor Cars; as good as new; 13 to 15 H.P.; 3 Speeds; 10 Seats. Write, "X A." "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 28793 3-2

GERMAN GOVERNESS, speaking French, English, and Italian, wants situation in good family. Best references. V. H. 48, poste restante, Cairo. 28796-3-2

JEUNE HOMME cherche une pension française. S'adresser No. 28792 "Egyptian Gazette." 2877-2-3 3

NEW English-Made Coventry Bicycles; all latest improvements; free-wheel, two-rim brakes plated rims, etc. £7.15 0 and £8.15.0 Wonderful value. Apply, "Bike," Poste Restante, Cairo. 2-808 3-1

TO LET.—Two furnished rooms in private family; electric light; good locality. Apply No. 28799 "Egyptian Gazette." 28799 6-1

TO LET.—Furnished House at Ghezireh, north of Grotto; newly built. Stabling and coachhouse. Nine rooms and basement. Address: "House," c/o Secretary, Khedivial Club, Cairo. 2872-3 3

UN MONSIEUR actif et sérieux disposant d'un certain capital achèterait un commerce, une industrie, un bureau ou toute autre affaire quelconque, pourvu que l'affaire en question soit créée depuis longtemps et puisse fournir les preuves des bons résultats obtenus jusqu'à ce jour (accepterait aussi association). Adres. off. Mr. J. Sault boite post. 949, Le Caire. 28805 2-1

VIOLIN LESSONS by teacher who passed all classes of Conservatory at Vienna. "A.J.," Poste Restante, Cairo. 28668-6*-5

YOUTH (19), having lately come, knowing English, French, Greek, Book keeping, seeks situation. Address, "N.C." "Egyptian Gazette." 28 86-6-4

YOUNG MAN, knowing English, French, Italian, Greek, book-keeping, seeks situation. Apply, "A.B," "Egyptian Gazette." 28804-3-1

EMBOSSING PRESS FOR STAMPING OWN PAPER WITH ADDRESS CREST &c.
ENGRAVING OFFICE
J. MARGOSCHES
CAIRO. BULAC ROAD

NILE GAUGE READINGS.

OCTOBER 1905-1906.

Date	W. Nile. Tewfikia.		B. Nile. Rosaires.		Khartoum.		Atbara Khashm el Girba.		Halfa.		Assouan Reservoir.				Gauge.		Rhodah.	
											U.S.	U.S.	D.S.	D.S.				
	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906
	M. CM.	M. CM.													P. K.	P. K.		
1	11 96	12.35	15.95	17.32	14.85	15.41	12.50	12.44	6.95	7.55	97.13	97.08	91.57	92.20	13.17	14.20	18.10	21. 8
2	11.96	12.36	15.78	—	14.75	15.28	12.45	12.48	6.94	7.55	97.14	96.98	21.42	92.11	13.11	14.17	18.12	21.11
3	11.97	12.37	15.60	17.44	14.58	15.28	12.25	12.44	6.90	7.46	97.11	96.89	91.37	92.01	13. 9	14.13	18.16	21.15
4	11.97	12.37	15.45	17.28	14.48	15.23	12.10	12.44	6.75	7.20	97.12	96.78	91.32	91.94	13. 8	14 10	18 19	21.22
5	11.98	12.35	15.30	17.16	14.38	15.23	12.—	12.28	6.68	7.18	97.06	96.64	91.22	91.79	13. 2	14. 3	18.21	22. 1
6	11.99	12.39	15.18	17.10	14.38	15.28	12.—	12.20	6.58	7.10	97.—	96.43	91.14	91.67	12.22	13.21	18.19	22. 2
7	12.—	—	15.03	16.96	14.10	15.14	12.—	—	6.50	6 95	97.03	96.34	91.03	91.56	12.17	13.17	18.20	22. 3
8	12.—	—	14.90	—	14. –	15.14	11.90	—	6.37	6.80	96.99	96.23	90.94	91.46	12.13	13.12	18.21	22 1
9	12.—	—	14.78	—	13.95	15.10	12.87	—	6.25	6.08	96.90	96.48	90.86	91.31	12.10	13. 6	18.20	22.—
10	12.—	—	14.70	—	13.85	15.—	11.80	—	6.13	6.50	96.07	96.33	90.72	91.20	12. 4	13. 1	18.18	21.18
11	12.—	—	14.65	—	13.78	14.94	11.72	—	6.02	6 58	96.95	96.31	90.60	91.16	11 22	12 23	18.15	21.15
12	12.—	—	14.55	—	13.68	14.86	11.67	—	5.90	6.52	97.04	96.20	90.45	91.09	11.16	12 20	18.12	21.18
13	12.—	—	14.53	—	13.58	14 80	11.60	—	5.73	6 48	97 04	96.14	90.35	91 03	11.11	12.13	18.12	21.18
14	12. 1	—	14.50	—	13.48	14 70	11.60	—	5.61	6 40	97 04	96.13	90.25	91.01	11. 6	12 11	18. 9	21.15
15	12. 1	—	14.60	—	13.40	14.62	11.55	—	5.48	6.40	96 97	96.11	90.10	90.98	11.—	12.10	18 9	21 15
16	12. 3	—	14.55	—	13 30	14.80	11.60	—	5 36	6 40	97 02	96.07	89 96	90.94	10 18	12 8	18 .7	21.17
17	12. 4	—	14.55	—	13.22	14.37	11.62	—	5.25	6 30	97.09	96 03	89.79	90 88	10 10	12 3	18. 5	21.21
18	12. 5	—	—	—	13.18	14.23	11.70	—	5 12	6 28	97.05	96 —	89 69	90 87	10 6	11 22	17 23	21 22
19	12. 5	—	14.60	—	13. 8	14. 5	11.63	—	5. 2	—	97.06	95.94	89.56	90.81	10.—	11.18	17.21	22. 1
20	12. 5	—	14.56	—	13.—	13.97	11.65	—	4.95	—	97.04	95.80	89.44	90.71	9.19	11.14	17.17	22 3
21	12. 5	—	14.48	—	12.97	13.93	11.64	—	4.84	—	97.06	95.72	89.31	90.59	9.18	11 —	17.14	22. 6
22	12. 5	—	14.43	—	12.95	13.92	—	—	4.76	—	97.03	95.61	89.24	90.50	9.16	11.10	17.15	22. 7
23	12. 5	—	14.38	—	12.92	13.91	—	—	4.66	—	97.07	95.50	89.14	90.41	9. 5	11. 6	17.16	22. 8
24	12. 6	—	14.30	—	12.90	13.85	—	—	4.55	—	97.01	95.43	89.06	90.32	9. 2	11. 2	17.16	22. 8
25	12. 7	—	14.21	—	12.87	13.77	11.55	—	4.45	—	97.04	95.36	88.93	90.23	8 20	10.21	17.12	22. 6
26	12. 8	—	14.12	—	12.85	13.65	11.60	—	4.34	—	97.05	95.29	88.84	90.14	8.16	10.16	17. 8	22. 2
27	12. 8	—	14. 5	—	12.82	13.58	11.62	—	4.22	—	97.05	95.18	88.74	90.03	8.12	10.10	17. 6	21.13
28	12. 9	—	14. 2	—	12.81	13.55	11.70	—	4.16	—	96.95	95.08	88.66	89.91	8. 8	10. 3	17.—	20.20
29	12.10	—	13.98	—	12.80	13.55	11.63	—	4.06	—	97.11	94.96	88.44	89.79	7.22	—	16.32	20. 7
30	12.10	—	13.83	—	12.76	13.49	11.65	—	4. 3	—	97.08	95.18	88.44	89.63	7.18	—	16.14	19. 8
31	12.10	—	13.88	—	12.70	13.42	11.61	—	3.94	—	96.97	95.10	88.38	89.54	7.20	—	16.10	19. 4

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ST. DAVID'S BUILDINGS ALEXANDRIA.
AND 35-37 NOBLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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Vegetable Seeds
Vegetable Seeds
Flower Seeds
Flower Seeds
Flower Seeds

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Messrs. SUTTON & SONS
The Royal Seed Establishment
READING

Davies Bryan & Co.
Cairo & Alexandria.

1-1-907

EXPORT MANIFESTS.

For PIRÆUS and ODESSA, by the S.S. Emp. Nicolas, sailed on the 30th October :

FOR ODESSA

Various, 350 bags rice, 1,526 cases dates, 13 packages mats, 87 packages henna, 29 packages empty bags, 15 packages sundries	
R. & O. Lindemann,	750 bales cotton
G. Riecken,	120 „ „
E Mallison & Co..	70 „ „
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	525 „ „
W Getty & Co.,	30 „ „
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd,	93 „ „
F. C. Baines & Co.,	31 „ „
	1,559 bales cotton

FOR PIRÆUS

W Getty & Co., 15 bales cotton

For YOKOHAMA, by the S.S. Wray Castle sailed on the 31st October :

FOR KOBE

Peel & Co.,	200 bales cotton
R. & O. Lindemann,	100 „ „
	300 bales cotton

FOR YOKOHAMA

Peel & Co.,	100 bales cotton
Barker & Co,	100 „ „
	200 bales cotton

For HULL, by the S.S. Antonio, sailed on the 31st October :

Barker & Co.,	1,725 tons cotton seed
Ibr. Abou Youssef,	400 „ „ „
Behrend & Co.,	502 „ „ „
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd,	627 „ „ „
Ang'o-Egypt. Bank Ltd,	190 „ „ „
S. R. Barda & sons,	327 „ „ „

For LIVERPOOL, by the S.S. Persian, sailed on the 1st November :

Bank of Athens,	300 tons cotton seed
Anglo-Egypt. Bank Ltd,	507 „ „ „
„ „ „	133 bales cotton
N. G. Casulli,	944 „ „
H. Bindernagel,	200 „ „
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	820 „ „
O. Constantino,	68 „ „
R. & O. Lindemann,	190 „ „
J. Planta & Co.,	800 „ „
F. Andres,	201 „ „
W. Getty & Co.,	243 „ „
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd,	354 „ „
Bustros Huri,	27 „ „
Moorsi Bros.,	227 „ „
Bank of Egypt Ltd,	197 „ „
F. C. Baines & Co.,	125 „ „
G Frauger & Co.,	150 „ „
E. Mallison & Co.,	200 „ „
	4,879 bales cotton

Holz & Co., 111 bales wool
M. L. Carasso, 50 bales senna
M. Shalabi, 26 cases eggs
B. Nathan & Co., 9 packages gum
Asia Minor & Co., 257 bags grain
Khedivial Mail, 108 bags grain, 402 boxes oranges
Schneider & Rothacker, 18 barrels old copper
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 4 cases dates
L. Onofrio, 410 cases dates
F. Raad & Co., 500 cases dates
Burbulia Bros., 90 cases dates

For MESSINA and GENOA, by the S.S. Memfi, sailed on the 1st November :

FOR VARIOUS PORTS

Anglo-Egypt. Spinning, 4 bales fils	(Tripoli)
M. el Fitori, 3 packages drugs	„
Various, 36 packages sundries	

FOR NAPLES

F. C. Baines & Co.,	90 bales cotton
R. & O. Lindemann,	10 „ „
J. Planta & Co.,	30 „ „
Mohr & Fenderl,	25 „ „
	155 bales cotton

FOR GENOA

G. Brach & Co., 28 bales gum	
Various, 3 packages sundries	
Schmid & Co.,	50 bales cotton
Peel & Co.,	143 „ „
J. Planta & Co.,	173 „ „
F. Andres,	15 „ „
	381 bales cotton

For MALTA and MANCHESTER, by the S.S. Carib Prince, sailed on the 1st November :

H Bindernagel,	150 bales cotton
W. Getty & Co.,	35 „ „
R. & O. Lindemann,	960 „ „
Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd,	140 „ „
Peel & Co.,	1,691 „ „
F. C. Baines & Co.,	225 „ „
G. Riecken,	91 „ „
G. Frauger & Co.,	195 „ „
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	992 „ „
F. Andres,	175 „ „
J. Planta & Co.,	75 „ „
	5,378 bales cotton

J. Ross & Co. 300 empty casks
Various, 1 package sundries

For BRINDISI and VENICE, by the S.S. Bosforo, sailed on the 1st November :

Various, 6 packages sundries	
G. Frauger & Co.,	329 bales cotton
Mohr & Fenderl,	205 „ „
R. & O. Lindemann,	391 „ „
E Mallison & Co.,	31 „ „
Choremi, Benachi & Co.,	215 „ „
G. Riecken,	30 „ „
J. Planta & Co.,	278 „ „
Schmid & Co.,	31 „ „
Moorsi Bros.,	120 „ „
Carver Bros. & Co.,	210 „ „
F. C. Baines & Co.,	62 „ „
	1,902 bales cotton

For SYRIA, by the S.S. Portugal, sailed on the 1st November :

Various, 100 packages sundries

COALS

Current prices per ton free on wagon.

		Shgs.	Sl.gs.
CARDIFF	Best quality	25/	@ —/
NEWPORT	Best quality	24/	„ —/
NEWCASTLE	Bothal	19/6	„ —/
„	Cowpen	13/6	„ —/
„	Hastings	19/	„ —/
„	West Hartley Main	19/	„ —/
SCOTCH	Merry's	19/	„ —/
„	Bairds	19/	„ —/
„	Dunlops	19/	„ —/
„	Best Hamilton Ell	19/	„ —/
YORKSHIRE	Micklefield	19/	„ —/
LIVERPOOL	Best Lancashire	19/	„ —/
PATENT FUEL	Anchor	25/	„ —/
„	Crown	25/	„ —/
„	Star	25/	„ —/
„	Arrow	25/	„ —/
„	Swansea Graigola	25/	„ —/
„	Swansea Atlantic	25/	„ —/
NEWCASTLE	Foundry Coke	40/	„ —/
„	Gas Coke	34/	„ —/

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Prices on Tuesday, October 30.

Abyssinia Bank	1	½ @	½ dis
Agricultural Bank	9	⅛ „	— ⅛
„ Preferred	9	¼ „	— ⅜
„ 3 ½ o/o Bonds	90	½ „	91 —
Anglo-Egyptian Bank	14	⅛ „	— ⅛
Central Egypt Exploration Co.	—	⅛ „	— ⅛
Credit Foncière d'Egypt	—	— „	— —
Corporation of Western Egypt	—	⅛ „	— ⅛ pm
Daira Sugar 4 o/o Debentures	2	½ „	— ¼
Daira Sanieh Ordinary	17	„	18 —
„ Deferred	95	— „	99 —
Delta Preference	11	¼ „	12 ¼
„ Deferred	10	— „	13 —
Delta Lands	4	— „	— ¼
Egyptian Estates	1	⅛ „	— ⅛
„ Estates Deferred	15	— „	16 —
Egyptian Mines Exploration Ltd	3/	— „	4/ —
„ Trust and Investment	1	⅛ „	— ⅛
„ Land and General Trust	2/6	— „	3/ — pm
„ Options	1	⅛ „	— ⅛
Eridia	—	— „	— —
Fatira	—	— „	— —
Khedivial Mail S.S. Company	1	⅛ „	— ⅜
Land Bank of Egypt	9	„	— ¼
Mysore Reefs	1/	— „	2/ —
New Egyptian Company	1	⅛ „	— ¼
National Bank	27	⅛ „	— ⅛
Nile Valley	5/	— „	6/ —
„ Block "E"	—	¼ „	— ⅜
North Nile Valley	1/	— „	2/ —
Salt & Soda	1	⅛ „	— ¼
Sudan Exploration	2/	— „	— ¼
Sudan Gold	—	⅛ „	— ⅜
Um Rus Gold Mine	—	— „	6d —
United African Exploration	1	⅜ „	— ½
Union Foncière d'Egypte	6	⅛ „	— ⅛
Egyptian Investment & Agency	—	¼ „	— ½ pm
Egyptian Markets	1	⅛ „	— ⅛
Egyptian Sudan Mines	—	½ „	— ¾

RESUME DE LA SITUATION COTONNIERE

au 2 novembre

AMERIQUE :	1906 Balles	1905 Balles
Recettes aux ports Semaine	480,000	345,000
Recettes du 1er Septembre	2,655,000	2,576,000
Export. Angleterre Semaine	160,000	72,000
Export. Angleterre du 1 Sept.	772,000	626,000
Export. Continent Semaine	190,000	143,000
Export. Continent du 1er Sept.	874,000	927,000
Pris par la filature Etats-Unis	770,000	907,000
Stock ports	930,000	1,002,000
Insight semaine	627,000	473,000
Insight du 1er Septembre	3,607,000	3,498,000
Con. Mondiale Amér. Semaine	355,000	318,000
Con. Mon. Amér. du 1er Sept.	1,900,000	2,070,000
Visible supply américan	2,475,000	3,018,000
Visible supply général	2,930,000	3,381,000

GENERAL

LIVERPOOL :	1906 Balles	1905 Balles
Ventes Semaine	42,000	76,000
Forwarded	95,000	102,000
Importation	140,000	111,000
Exportation	3,000	14,000
Stock	300,000	655,000
Flottant	380,000	250,000

EGYPTIEN

	1906 Balles	1905 Balles
Ventes Semaine	1,700	5,700
Forwarded	5,000	10,900
Importation	14,000	19,100
Exportation	200	1,700
Stock	34,000	39,000
Flottant	55,000	27,000

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27408-28-2-907

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Cairo Bab-el-Louk	*dep.*	6.30	8.10	9.10	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.15	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	6.40	7.30	8.30	10.—	11.30	1.15
Tourah	„	6.56	8.30	9.29	10.29	11.29	12.29	1.34	2.29	3.29	4.29	5.29	6.34	6.59	7.49	8.54	10.19	11.49	1.35
Helouan	*arr.*	7.15	8.46	9.45	10.47	11.47	12.47	1.50	2.47	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.53	7.15	8. 5	9.13	10.35	12. 5	1.54
Helouan	*dep.*	6.10	7.50	8.10	9.10	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.15	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.30	8.30	10.—	11.30	1.15
Tourah	„	6.31	—	8.31	9.28	10.30	11.28	12.30	1.33	2.30	3.28	4.28	5.28	6.33	7.48	8.53	10.18	11.48	1.36
Cairo.	*arr.*	6.55	8.20	8.53	9.45	10.47	11.45	12.47	1.50	2.47	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.55	8. 5	9.10	10.40	12. 5	1.54

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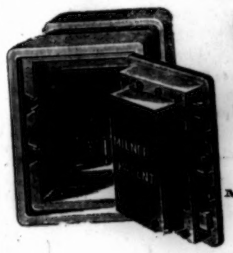

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